### Alami appeals to Jordan

AMMAN (J.T.) - The chairman of the Jerusalem-based Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Council Sheikh Sa'aduddin Al Alami, who is also head of the Supreme Islamic Council said Sunday that the Israeli authorities were embarking on a new plan where by the holy places under occupation, particularly the Al Aqsa Mosque, will be attached to the Israeli mayor of Jerusalem. Alami said such a plan, if implemented, will make the Al Agsa Mosque and the holy places subject to Israeli laws and regulations. Sheikh Alami called on His Majesty King Hussein to use his good offices to block the Israeli plan. He expressed gratitude and appreciation to King Hussein for his continuous efforts to settle the Palestine question, saying that "no one has done what the King has done to safeguard the Palestine cause."

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AMMAN MONDAY JANUARY 16, 1989, JUMADA AL AQIRA 8, 1409

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

### AROUND THE WORLD...

### Iraq to release 200 Iranian PoWs

BAGHDAD (AP) --- Iraq bas asked the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) to arrange for the repatriation of 200 Iranian sick and wounded prisoners of war (PoWs), a Red Cross official said.

Arnold Luethold, a deputy of the head of the Red Cross delegation. told the AP that Iraqi officials have asked them to prepare for the release of the Iranian PoWs and return them to Iran. "We think this is a humanitarian gesture which could help to resume the PoW exchange," he said. Luethold said preparations are underway to charter a plane in Switzerland to take the prisoners from Iraq to Iran. The Red Cross official confirmed that the Iraqis have not asked for any Iraqi PoWs in exchange for the Iranians.

### Prague police break up crowd

PRAGUE (R) - Riot police attacked thousands of demonstrators with batons, teargas and water cannon Sunday, thwarting a commemoration of Jan Palach who burnt himself alive 20 years ago to protest against the Soviet-led invasion of Czechoslovakia. But after helmeted police with truncheons and alsatian dogs charged into Prague's Wencesias Square, where the ceremony was to be held, more than 4,000 regrouped and marched through the city centre shouting "Freedom, Freedom," "Long live Democracy" and "Truth will prevail." Most of central Prague was cordoned off by police. Armoured personnel carriers rumbled through the capital, tear-gas was sprayed into an underground station where demonstrators had fled and witnesses said a West German television crew was beaten up.

### Israelis panic at 'premier's suicide'

TEL AVIV (R) - Hundreds of anxious Israelis called state-owned Israel Radio after hearing excerpts from a play which convinced them that Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir had committed suicide, the Hadashot daily reported Sunday. The radio aired a scene Saturday from a new play "The Leak," in which an announcer breaks into the narrative and says: "We are obliged to interrupt this broadcast as the prime minister has committed suicide." Although the programme's presenter repeatedly stressed the bulletin was not genuine, hundreds of agitated listeners called the station asking for details, Hadashot

### KGB seeks cooperation with West

TEL AVIV (AP) - A Radio Moscow statement rebroadcast here Sunday quoted a top Soviet KGB official as calling for coordination of anti-terror efforts with the United States, Britain and Israel. The unprecedented offer was attributed to Vitaly Ponomarev, deputy chief of the KGB security service. It was first aired by Radio Moscow's Hebrew-language division, "Peace and Progress," Saturday. The report was monitored and recorded by Israel Radio monitor Mickey Gurdus and retransmitted on Israel Radio Sunday. "We are willing, if there's a need, to cooperate even with the CIA, the British intelligence service and the Israeli Mossad and other (intelligence) services in the West," a Soviet announcer quoted Ponomarev as saying.

### iranian party applicants grow

NICOSIA (AP) — The Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) Sunday said that 28 groups had so far applied to form political parties under a new Iranian law announced Dec. 31. Quoting from the Farsi-language Ettellaat daily, IRNA, which is monitored in Nicosia, said that the Freedom Movement and the Mujahedeen-e-Khalq movement were among the applicants.

### Arab ministers to discuss medicine production

TUNIS (R) - Arab health ministers will meet in Libya in March to discuss cooperation in the production of medicines, an Arab League source said Sunday. The source told Reuters that Mahdi Mustapha Al Hedi, assistant secretary-general of the Arab League, was now in Tripoli to make arrangements for the conference from March 20 to 22.

### Bomb threat on Olympic Airways

LARNACA (AP) - An Olympic Airways Jumbo jet landed in Cyprus Sunday after a bomb threat aborted its flight from Athens to Bangkok, Thailand, airport sources said here. The sources said the flight, OA 437, carried 421 passengers and crew. It left Athens at 0743 local (0543 GMT). About an hour later a message was phoned to Olympic Airways' office in Athens saying there was a bomb aboard the flight planted by the Nov. 17 Movement. The pilot was ordered by Olympic to land in Cyprus. Passengers and crew were taken off the Boeing 747 immediately after landing.

### Faisal award goes to Egyptian

RIYADH (AP) — Saudi Arabian Minister of Defence Prince Sultan has announced that the eighth and last winner of the King Faisal Foundation International Award for 1989 is Mohammad Al Ghazzali, a 72-year-old Egyptian, for service to Islam. Nominations in this field are made on basis of achievements in the field of Islamic education. Ghazzali, a Muslim theologist, was born in a Nile Delta village in 1917, and is the author of 40 books, three of which are considered major works. He graduated from Al Azhar University in Cairo in 1941.

### TASS apologises for 'miracle' report

MOSCOW (AP) — The official TASS news agency apologised Sunday for mistakenly reporting that six Armenians had been saved after spending 35 days in earthquake rubble, calling its original report a delusion." TASS correspondents Eduard Shakhnazaryan and Akop Shakkbazyan wrote: "We were the first to report this, and today (Sunday) we want to offer our apologies to our readers." A painstaking search conducted over the past days did not confirm the story which we would like to believe so much."

### Former Belgian premier reported abducted

BRUSSELS (R) - Former Belgian Prime Minister Paul van den Boeynants has been abducted from his Brussels home, Belgian television said Sunday. It said it had received a telephone call from a person claiming to represent the Socialist Revolutionary Brigade saying it had kidnapped 69-year-old Van den Boeynants. The Brussels public prosecutor's office confirmed that Van den Boeynants had vanished from his bome Saturday evening and called the disappear-

### Newspaper links Iran-contra figures

ZURICH (AP) - Swiss authorities are investigating whether three main figures in the Iran-contra affair funnelled money into a Zurich-based company named in a huge drug money laundering investigation, a newspaper said Sunday. The mass-circulation Sonntagsblick claimed that investigators in several countries have linked former U.S. air force General Richard Secord, Iranian-born businessman Albert Hakim and Swiss-based American lawyer Willard Zucker to the international illegal drug trade. All are considered by U.S. investigators to be major players in the Iran-contra affair. In the mid-1980s, they "used a network of companies to move funds into the Zurich firm Shakarchi trading," Sonntagsblick said. "We believe these are funds used in drug and weapons transactions," the paper quoted an unnamed investigating official as saying. No other sources were cited in the report.

# National tree-planting project unveiled on eve of Arbor Day

# King calls for public effort to green Jordan

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Sunday attended an Arbor Day celebration at Kharraneh, 70 kilometres east of Amman, and urged Jordanians to plant trees and contribute to the national effort to green the Kingdom.

Tree planting is part of the efforts to green the country, and all citizens should plant trees everywhere to achieve that goal. King Hussein said in a statement after planting a tree at the site.

The Kharraneh area lies within a semi-desert region where a new radio transmission station was recently set up.

"Arbor Day this year is a dear occasion since it marks the 50th anniversary of planting trees in the Kingdom," King Hussein said in his statement to a group of

The King said that Jordan had made a good start in tree planting, and would continue the pro-

country. Senior officials and high-ranking army officers were present at the ceremony in Kharraneh and took part along with the King in planting trees.

cess for greening the whole

A spokesman for the Ministry of Agriculture, which organised the celebration, said Kharraneb was chosen for the main celebration this year in implementation of a policy to spread trees and

green areas along the eastern to keep himidity and protect districts of Jordan which are them from the heat. districts of Jordan which are mostly semi-desert in nature, and form 90 per cent of the total area of the Kingdom.

The trend to plant trees in the semi-desert regions is also in implementation of resolutions passed by a badia development conference held last year and which called for greening Jordan by the year 2.000.

Ministry of Agriculture Secretary General Salem Al Lawzi said total of 500 dunums of land in the region of Kharraneh was planted with trees during Arbor Day ceremony Sunday.

Due to the very poor rainfall in that region, the ministry has adopted the "contour lines technique" to preserve the largest amount of rain water in the regions near the Iraqi border will ground, Lawzi said. He said the also be planted with trees emtechnique involves covering the root of the plant with small stones

A total of five million fruit and forest tree saplings will be planted in the Kingdom during Arbor Day celebrations this year, according to Lawzi.

The ministry intends to distribute saplings to the Armed Forces, public organisations, farmers and individuals, he said.

Lawzi said the Ministry of Agriculture had worked out a plan to plant large areas of land with trees, specially in the eastern districts of the Kingdom, and no less than 250,000 dunums of land would be planted in these regions in the next few years.

According to the plan, he said, sides of main roads and the Hammad basin in the far eastern ploying the same contour line technique.



His Majesty King Hussein Sunday plants a sapling at Kharraneh on the eve of Arbor Day (photo by Yousef Al Alian)

### King meets Specter

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Sunday received U.S. Senator Arlen Specter in a meeting attended by U.S. Ambassador to Jordan Roscoe Suddarth.

The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the meeting was held soon after the senator's arrival here in the course of a tour of the

Specter, a Republican from Pennsylvania, met in Damascus last week with Syrian officials to

discuss Lebanon's political crisis and the 13-month-old Palestinian uprising in the Israeli occupied territories.

leave Jordan Monday.

Specter also discussed the over-

all Middle East situation at a meeting with Syrian Vice-Presi-dent Abdul Halim Khaddam. Before arriving in Damascus, Specter had visited Baghdad and met with government officials.
U.S. embassy sources in Am-

man said the senator was due to



His Majesty King Hussein Sunday meets U.S. Senator Arlen Specter and a delegation accompanying him (Petra photo)

# East. West reach milestone disarmament, rights package

adopted an ambitious package of disarmament and human rights proposals hailed as a milestone in East-West relations.

A final document at the conference on security and cooperation in Europe (CSCE), the result of 27 months of tough negotiations, includes the framework for new conventional arms reduction talks and commitments by governments to bolster the right of the individual versus the state.

The one dissenting voice came from Romania, which accepted the package in principle but said it was not bound to implement provisions "to which it does not agree or considers inadequate."

Commenting on the conclusion of the talks, U.S. chief delegate Warren Zimmermann said: "This is an excellent document, one that can play a historic role in the

Helsinki process...'

VIENNA (Agencies) — Negomilestone, but it is not the end of tiators from 35 countries Sunday the process," he told a news conference.

Soviet chief delegate Yuri Kashlev said the CSCE process begun with the signing of the 1975 Helsinki final act "is being elevated to a qualitatively new level unprecedented since Helsinki." He described the human rights

provisions, which underline freedom of movement, religion and information and set specific limits on the time governments can take to process applications to travel, as "a major breakthrough in this

Both Kashlev and Zimmermann paid tribute to Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev and his "new thinking" as a key factor in the success of the meeting, which according to the U.S. envoy had exceeded his expectations. U.S. Secretary of State George

Shultz, Soviet Foreign Minister

tions for the new arms control talks when they converge on Vienna for a closing meeting opening Tuesday.

The celebration was marred by Romania, whose leader Nicolae Ceausescu ordered his delegation only two weeks ago to seek lastminute revisions of 17 human rights provisions, without suc-

In a statement during the adoption session the delegation of Romania said:

"Under the pretext of concern for human rights and religious freedom, the concluding document contains provisions not in keeping with the spirit of the Helsinki final act and the realities of the time."

While the West was clearly happy with the human rights concessions from the East, Moscow Eduard Shevardnadze and their and its allies expressed satisfac-

# PLO-U.S. talks to continue at present

NICOSIA (AP) - A senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official said the organisation's dialogue with the United States would continue at the present level after President-elect George Bush takes office, the Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) reported Sunday. The news agency, monitored

in Nicosia, said the PLO's Central Committee member. Khaled Al Hassan, ruled out the participation of high-ranking U.S. personalities "at this phase... before reaching full and common understanding on major issues." "The aim of this dialogue is

to explore and understand the real U.S. ideas, opinions and trends, " KUNA quoted Al Hassan as saying in an interview with the Kuwait daily Al Rai Al Aam.

The United States and the PLO opened talks in Tunis Dec. 16 after PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat met Washington's two conditions - renounce terrorism and recognise Israel's right to exist.

Washington's ambassador to Tunisia, Robert Pelletreau, was named to carry on the talks with PLO Executive Committee member Yasser Abed Rabbo. Hassan said the current dialogue will continue on the same level. Meanwhile, Arafat's chief

spokesman, Bassam Abu Sherif, said he did not rule out the possibility of upgrading the level of contacts between the PLO and the British govern-KUNA, quoted Abn Sherif in

an interview with the Kuwaiti daily Al Watan, as saying that Arafat would be extended an invitation from the British goverament to visit the United Kingdom.

It said Abu Sherif described an Arafat meeting with the British deputy minister for foreign affairs. William Waldgrave, as "very positive concerning all topics we discussed" (see page 2).

## **2 Palestinians** shot and killed OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(Agencies) — Two Palestinians died Sunday after clashes with Israeli soldiers as Palestinians throughout the occupied territories observed a general strike.

As the casualty toll mounted in the 13-month-old uprising -troops were reported to have wounded eight Palestinian protesters Sunday - an Israeli government minister demanded a review of the army's use of such arms as plastic bullets.

"I raised the issue of the morality of using those elements. It should be discussed in a more thorough way," Energy Minister Moshe Shahal, a member of the Labour Party, told reporters after

the weekly cabinet meeting. Shahal said Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir agreed to hold a cabinet debate on the issue soon. At least 365 Palestinians have

died in the uprising. Doctors who regularly treat Palestinians wounded in clashes with the army say the supposedly non-lethal plastic bullets have killed and maimed dozens of people since they were introduced six months ago.

In the West Bank, Mohammad Rushdi Abushi, 18, was shot in the chest during a clash with troops at the Far'a refugee camp and was dead on arrival at a local hospital, doctors said.

Ziad Ahmed Rahwan, 17, from Rafah in the Gaza Strip, died in an Israeli hospital after being shot by soldiers Saturday. Shops closed and public trans-

port came to a halt in the occupied territories as Palestinians observed a strike called by underground leaders of the uprising to honour Jerusalem's Al Aqsa after several months of relative

least four demonstrators in Askar refugee camp near Nablus, and two each in Jenin town and Silwad village, hospitals and Palestinian sources said. The Arab sources said there

were also major anti-Israel protests in the town of Hebron but no reports of injuries.

The army put all eight of the Gaza Strip's refugee camps under currew, and residents of Tulkarem and Arab Jerusalem's Silwan neighbourhood were confined to their homes for the fourth day.

At the West Bank Jewish settlement of Yakir troops ordered settlers to leave a controversial monument to an Israeli shot dead 10 days ago and arrested those who refused to move, army radio reported.

Settlers and soldiers have traded blows at the site in recent days where troops have demolished the stone memorial three times and settlers have rebuilt it each time.

Right-wingers in the left-right coalition government attacked Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin in the cabinet meeting for his handling of the situation at Yakir, political sources said.

The latest Palestinian deaths bring to six the number of Palestinians killed by army gunfire in the past three days. All of the victims were 18 or younger and one was a 12-year-old girl.

The Yediot Ahronot mass-circulation tabloid quoted senior army commanders as saying the violence was a return to the bloodshed earlier in the uprising,

### **Moscow says Afghan** deadline will be met

MOSCOW (R) - The comman- when the interview with Gromov der of Soviet forces in Afghanis- had been recorded, although a tan said in a television interview broadcast Sunday that all his on schedule by mid-February.

"By Feb. 15 the withdrawal of

Soviet troops from Afghanistan will be completed entirely," Lieutenant-General Boris Gromov said. "It is a delicate question which

worries everybody in the world and of course it worries us," Gromov added. "But the plan and the scheme of the withdrawal have been drawn up." Gromov's remarks appeared to

put an end to days of speculation that the pull-out might be delayed, prompted by remarks made last week by Yuli Voronthas just returned from talks in the region.
The Feb. 15 deadline was set

down in an agreement mediated relayed by the official Soviet by the United Nations and signed in Geneva by the Soviet Union, Afghanistan, Pakistan and the United States in April 1988.

television spokesman said it was probably in the last few days. It troops would leave the country was contained in a weekly army programme. Meanwhile, Soviet Foreign

Minister Eduard Shevardnadze, winding up a surprise visit to the Afghan capital Kabul, said every effort was being made to ensure all Soviet troops would leave by Feb. 15. His statement appeared to stop short of Gromov's firm

commitment. Shevardnadze also stressed the Soviet Union would continue its arms supplies to the Kabul government even after the last troops

"Neither we nor (Afghan) President Najibullah want the sov, a special Kremlin envoy who Soviet troops to be delayed,' Shevardnadze said in an interview with the Afghan news agency Bakhtar. His remarks were

news agency TASS. We are striving for the withdrawal to facilitate the reestablishment of peace and not to be the Soviet Television did not say signal for new fighting," he said.

### "It is a milestone, an important colleagues from 33 other nations tion with the new arms talks. 'Diamond-carrying soldier unwitting Pan Am bomber'

gators pursuing the bombers of Pan Am's Flight 103 are looking into the possibility that a U.S. soldier unknowingly brought the bomb aboard the jetliner, a newspaper report said Sunday.

The Sunday Express said British and U.S. investigators were acting on U.S. government reports that some U.S. soldiers had been paid to take packages of diamonds to New York.

The Sunday Telegraph said the investigation into Britain's worst air disaster is being hampered by the recovery of baggage from the wreckage which cannot be matched with anyone on board the

It said Scotland Yard's antiterrorist squad, working with Scottish police, also believes that luggage belonging to passengers who died was mistakenly placed on other flights.

"The implications of this are causing investigators grave con-cern," the Sunday Telegraph cern,

"Police believe that matching luggage to victims is an essential first step towards tracing the bombers... if stray baggage was in the Pan Am Jumbo's hold, it Defence League" that claimed

LONDON (Agencies) — Investi-gators pursuing the bombers of is matched to a passenger."

Flight 103, which originated in Frankfurt and was destined for New York after an aircraft change in London, exploded in the air over Lockerbie, Scotland on Dec. 21, killing 270 people. Authorities said a bomb was placed in the area of the jetliner's front cargo hold.

The Sunday Express reported that soldiers are being questioned about the alleged diamondcourier scheme, which it said had been going on for months before the Flight 103 bombing.

The newspaper said U.S. troops were approached in West German nightclubs and offered thousands of dollars to carry diamonds to New York. "On the fatal flight, it is sup-

ed over instead of diamonds," said the newspaper, without giving further details or identifying its sources.

'Jewish Defence League'

posed a deadly semtex parcel of

death and destruction was hand-

Dutch police are looking into the authenticity of a letter purporting to be from the "Jewish would make no sense of claims responsibility for planting the Organisation.

bomb aboard Flight 103, a police spokesman in Leeuwarden said. The letter, which reached the AP in London Thursday, had a Dutch stamp and was postmarked in a city in northern Netherlands.

"We have mounted a routine investigation to see whether we can learn anything about the ori-gin of the letter," said Leeuwarden police chief Nicolas van Hel-Although a police spokesman

told the AP Thursday night that there were doubts on the letter's authenticity, Van Helten said in a telephone interview that "we cannot discard the serious possibilities out of hand." The letter said: "We think the

moment has come to disclose to

the world from which side the bomb was placed which destroyed the Boeing 737 from Pan "We, a radical group of the Jewish Defence League, take responsibility for this action," the

typewritten letter said. It added that the bomb was planted "by our fighters in Frankfurt" to protest the U.S. government's decision a week earlier to open talks with the Palestine Liberation

# 'Mercy' ceasefire in Amal- Hizbollah war

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Feuding militias clashed in Beirut's southern slums Sunday and the Red Cross removed 20 decomposed corpses from the South Lebanon battlefront after arranging a "mercy ceasefire."

The Syrian army, meanwhile, sent 50 troops close to israel's self-proclaimed "security zone" in South Lebanon to prevent militia fighting from spreading to east Lebanon's Bekaa Valley, police

They said the Syrians dismantled street barricades and sandbag positions set up by fighters of the Amal militia and Hizbollah in the southwestern Bekaa village of Sohmor.

The Syrian force withdrew from Sohmor at daybreak Sunday to their original positions in and around the town of Machgara in the foothills of Mount Hermon,

This was the first time Syrian troops have entered Sohmor since Israel's 1982 invasion of Lebanon, said a police

Red Cross teams brought out the dead from the devastated South Lebanon town of Jubah. The rivals stopped fighting to

Iraqis give

cheering

to Yemeni

3,000 North Yemeni soldiers who fought in the Gulf war

with Iraq left Baghdad

Saturday. Iraqi soldiers, waving both

the Iraqi and Yemeni flags and

holding the pictures of Iraq's President Saddam Hussein and

Yemeni leader Ali Abdullah

Saleh, showered the departing

soldiers with flowers and

sweets, the Iraqi News Agency

The agency said the Yemeni troops flashed victory signals at

their Iraqi counterparts as they

departed Muthanna airport, a

military base in Baghdad's out-

INA said the ceremony was

attended by senior army offi-

cials and members of the Baath

Party, but did not specify who.

President Hussein confirmed

one brigade to fight in the war

(INA) said.

with Iran.

farewell

soldiers

let the ambulances go in. The Red Cross said it was told it might be able to bring out the wounded

in a later operation. Witnesses said 20 corpses were brought out, 11 from Amal and nine from Hizbollah. Militia and hospital sources said this brought the known toll in Beirut and the south since Jan. 1 to 136 dead and

150 wounded. They said only 52 of the dead were militiamen. The rest were civilians caught in the crossfire during the latest round of a yearlong battle for leadeship of the country's 1.5 million Shi'ites.

Witnesses said the bodies of the fighters, mostly in their 20s, were riddled with bullets. The hilltop town is now the

centre of fighting which has raged for two weeks in the Iglim Al Tufah region stretching from Sidon to the Israeli-held "security

Jubah is the key to a 25-squarekilometre enclave controlled by

about 500 Hizbollah fighters. An estimated 1.000 Amal militiamen are besieging the enclave, vowing to move in on their foes when their supplies run out.

"We shall remain there. Even if we run out of ammunition, we shall fight with stones. There are plenty of stones there," said Hizbollah's chief spokesman Sheikh Ibrahim Amin at a news conference in south Beirut's Bir Al Abed district.

Amin described Amal chieftain Nabih Berri as "a bloodthirsty pharoah" and called for a sixpoint peace process with Amal based on:

1. An immediate ceasefire in south Beirut and South Lebanon: . Evacuation of all wounded; 3. Lifting of Amal's food block-ade on Hizbollah's enclave

around Jubah: 4. Release of all prisoners taken in the latest Amal-Hizbollah confrontation;

5. The renunciation by Amal of its avowed policy of uprooting Hizbollah from Lebanon; 6. Serious dialogue between

Amal and Hizbollah to lay down a political and security formula for peaceful coexistence.

There was no immediate response from Amal.

# **Waldegrave to meet** Klibi in Tunis today

TUNIS (Agencies) - British De- was changing and Israel "had to week with Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi, the organisation said Saturday following the minister's meeting with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser

Waldegrave and Arafat met for more than two hours Friday night, an encounter which Waldegrave said "constitutes a major development in the policies of Britain.

The Arab League said Waldegrave and Klibi would meet Monday. Diplomatic sources said he also would preside over a meeting of Britain's ambassadors in North Africa, but did not specify when. Both the Arab League and PLO are headquartered here.

The meeting between Waldeg-

rave and Arafat was Britain's first direct contact with the head of The meeting led to agreement on the kind of peace conference

that should be held to reach a peaceful settlement in the Middle

puty Minister for Foreign Affairs change as well or it would risk William Waldegrave will meet this being left behind."

Arafat characterised the talks. held at the home of PLO Tunisia representative, Hakam Balaoui, as "fruitful, constructive and useful.

"We agreed on the kind of international conference toward which we should be heading." Waldegrave said "and we discussed steps that could be taken to bring about this conference soon.

Waldegrave, who is to visit Israel in early March, said he wanted to see some sign from the Israelis that they were responding to changes in the Middle East. In Israel, a government official, speaking on condition of anonymity, said that "every meeting of a senior European

official with Arafat causes disappointment here." İsraeli foreign ministry spokesman Adon Liel said Friday that the British were well aware of Israel's attitude towards the

In London, Israeli Ambassador Yoav Biran said he regretted After the meeting, he said the rush of British politicians" to talks demonstrated that the world meet Arafat and the PLO.



Kabul's central bazaar. After 10 years of violence, the Afghan people are asking for nothing but peace.

# Afghans, weary of war, welcome Soviet pullout

By Maureen Johnson The Associated Press

KABUL - Standing stoically in line for heating fuel, Sadrahmah Bikhar muses on the impending withdrawal of Soviet troops and says simply: "It's good. I don't like them.

It is hard to find anyone who does on the streets of Kabul.

But there is no sense of rejoicing in this bleak capital, ringed by snow-covered hills - only repeated expressions of uncertainty and hope, but little belief, that the fighting will end when the Soviets leave.

Official rhetoric contrasts starkly with reality. On Saturday, while the state-run Kabul Times published new exhortations from the Sovietsupported administration, anti-Marxist guerrillas attacked a 400-vehicle supply and ammunition convoy on the outskirts of the city centre.

Western reporters witnessed Afghan units digging in on either side of the key northern Solang highway about seven kilometres outside the city. and heard rocket fire before government troops opened fire into the hills as the convoy raced past with helicopters clattering overhead.

The news in the Kabul Times was of celebrations to mark the ninth anniversary of the founding of the Ministry of State Security. A top general, Ghulam Farouq Yaqubi, welcomed Afghan President Najibullah and declared, "we feel ourselves more powerful than ever against the thievish attacks of the intransigent extrem-

The Soviets began moving out in the beginning of the month as their Feb. 15 deadline for the withdrawal of their remaining 50,000 troops approached. And as they have, Mujahetleen guerrillas have moved closer to the capital,

stepping up convoy attacks. On the streets, Bikhar had been standing in line since 6 a.m. and was half a block from the front by mid-afternoon. Such waits for supplies reflect the increasing harassment of thrice-weekly convoys on the Solang, now the sole highway for

Bikhar said things were getting worse. Asked what he thought would happen after all the Soviets left. Bikhar shrugged and said through an interpreter: "I don't know. I hope the fighting

Eshaqza Anargul, a mechanic with the stateowned Afghan airline, Ariana, had no doubts. "There will be fighting for another 10 years, maybe longer," he said.

"The Mujahedeen are in seven groups. They're just for killing," he said, predicting that economically things will get worse, too, when the Soviets have gone.

In two dozen random interviews, Anargul was the only person who expressed disquiet about the final Soviet departure. Most of those interviewed were openly hostile about the Soviets, but often glanced uneasily at the interpreter and listening bystanders and made-non-committal replies when asked about the survival prospects of Najibullah's administration.

The war has killed an estimated one million people and driven one-third of the 15 million Afghans from their country as refugees in Pakistan and Iran. Amputees are a common sight on the streets of Kabul. Tales abound of family members - civilians, Mujahedeen or troops killed or missing.

Abdul Salom, a turbaned 60-year-old, fled his village of Saraikhoga 80 kilometres from Kabul, last autumn after it was partly destroyed in bombing attacks against the Mujahedeen. He has squeezed with relatives into a mud house in the Kharkhana district of Kabul.

Kharkhana is a mixture of concrete six-storey apartment blocks, one bearing a gaint picture of an Afghan army officer, and slums of mud houses without heat or utilities.

Salom squats under a blanket in the shop of a friend — a cargo container turned into a makeshift store. He is one of some one million refugees who have doubled the pre-war population of the capital.

"We just want peace," Salom said. "No Russians, no Mujahedeen, no government. Just

# MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

### Locusts descend on Gulf causeway

BAHRAIN (R) - A swarm of locusts has descended on the 25-kilometre King Fahd Causeway linking Bahrain to Saudi Arabia, agriculture officials said Sunday. Farming Services Director Hassan Abdul Karim told Reuters Bahrain had sent teams to fight locusts massed on customs and immigration buildings in the middle of the causeway. A farmer on Bahrain's west coast near the caseway said no locusts had been sighted there and Abdul Karim said the situation was under control. But he added that Bahrain's agriculture would face a continuing threat from swarms of locusts migrating from eastern Saudi Arabia until April or May.

### Israel says satellite burned off

TEL AVIV (AP) — The first Israeli satellite entered the upper layers of the atmosphere and burned off Saturday after staying almost four months in orbit, the Itim news agency reported. The agency quoted experts from the Israel Aircraft Industries as saying the Horizon-1 satellite broadcast its last signal at 8:30 p.m. (1830 GMT) and burned shortly afterwards. Israel Radio said the satellite has been sending scientific data on the atmosphere and the earth's magnetic field for the whole period it stayed in space. Israel launched the 156-kilogramme Horizon-1 with the help of a three-stage carrier missile Sept. 21, 1988. The space craft carried a solar-powered electrical system and its onboard memory was 1.28 kilobytes, or one-sixth the memory of an average home computer. According to Yuval Neeman, head of the Israel space agency, the craft stayed in orbit longer than the originally predicted life span of a month to six weeks. The Horizon-1 test satellite was calculated to have a high point of 1100 kilometres and a low point of 250 kilometres. In fact, it rose to the height of 1150 kilometres and thus lasted longer, encountering less particles in its flight. A spokesman for the London-based Jane's Defence Weekly said after the launch that Horizon-1 was carrying a 6.6-pound payload for surveillance purposes, and that U.S.-produced optical equipment was believed to be on board.

### Turks demonstrate in West Germany

SCHWANDORF, West Germany (R) — Several hundred Turkish workers held a march and rally Saturday in protest against "hostility" shown to foreigners in West Germany, police said. The demonstration, which followed the death of a Turkish family in an arson attack on their home, was joined by mainly left-wing West German communal politicians. A 19-year-old apprentice painter admitted in court this month to setting fire to an apartment house in Schwandorf, killing a West German and a Turkish family of three. He said he committed the act out of "auslaenderhass" hatred of foreigners. The word has come to signify hostility felt by some West Germans towards millions of foreign workers and their families living in the country.

### 'Bonn helped Iran foil plot to kill Khomeini'

BONN (R) - West Germany helped Iran foil a 1980 plot to kill revolutionary leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, involving mercenaries recruited by the deposed Shah, the news magazine Der Spiegel said Saturday. It said a former West German ambassador to Tehran, Gerhard Ritzer, had verified the incident, which was reported in the Dutch weekly Vrij Nederland. According to Der Spiegel's account, the late Shah Reza Pahlevi recruited six mercenaries to kill Khomeini in Iran's holy city of Qom in the spring of 1980. The West German government heard of the plot and gave a warning that enabled the Iranians to capture the six men who were expelled from Iran rather than put on trial - a condition set by Bonn. Der Spiegel said the events occurred at the same time as revolutionary students were holding 2 U.S. embassy staff members hostage in Tehran. It added that Ritzer later played a decisive part in gaining their release.

### Iran seeks stronger ties with China

LONDON (R) - Iran intends to further strengthen ties with China, Parliamentary Speaker Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani said Saturday, the national news agency IRNA reported. "We are willing to expand relations with China in all fields, and appreciate the Chinese leaders' efforts in this regard," Rafsanjani said at a Tehran meeting with Iran's ambassador to Peking, according to the agency monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation. Rafsanjani described Iran's ties with China as "strategic, which we intend to further strengthen," IRNA said.

### Iran repairing disabled frigate

NICOSIA (R) - The Iranian frigate Sabalan, hit by a laserguided bomb during a battle with the U.S. fleet in the Gulf last April, will be back in service within months, the Iranian news agency IRNA reported Saturday. The agency quoted the head of the navy shipyard at Bandar Abbas - home port of Sabalan - as saying major repairs on the British-built frigate had been completed. Iranian and U.S. forces clashed on April 18 last year after U.S. ships blasted two Iranian oil rigs in the southern Gulf in retaliation for mine damage to a U.S. warship. Iran denied laying mines. Sabalan's sister ship Sahand and several smaller Iranian craft were sunk. The two frigates were launched in the mid-1970s.

### Israel seeks to renew ties with Zambia

LUSAKA (R) - Israel is seeking to re-establish diplomatic ties with Zambia, the Times of Zambia said Saturday. Israeli special envoy and amabassador-at-large David Kimche presented Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda Friday with a message from Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir which could lead to the restoration of ties, the newspaper said. Many African states broke off ties with Israel after the 1973 war but some have since restored relations. Kenya re-established diplomatic relations with Israel last month. Kaunda has in the past condemned Israel's occupation of Arab territories. He has urged it to recognise the newly proclaimed Palestinian state and change its attitude to keep pace with political developments in the Middle East.

iraq seeks OAPEC session to readmit Egypt

BAGHDAD (AP) — Iraq Sunday called for an emergency meeting of the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) to discuss Egypt's readmittance to the organisation. an Oil Ministry spokesman said. The spokesman, who spoke on condition he not be identified, said Iraqi Oil Minister Issam Abdul Rahim Al Chalabi has sent a letter to United Arab Emirates Oil Minister Mana Saeed Otaiba to arrange for the emergency meeting of the organisation.

# Fate of kidnapped American officer remains a mystery

By Mohammad Salam

The Associated Press

BEIRUT - The fate of kidnapped U.S. marine Lieutenant-Colonel William R. Higgins, described as "the most valuable" of nine Americans held hostage in Lebanon, remained a mystery Sunday, his. 44th birthday.

The last word on the American, kidnapped in South Lebanon 11 months ago, came His pro-Iranian captors from

the Organisation of the Oppressed on Earth said they had sentenced him to death for spying for Israel. But there has been no com-

firmation since then that he has been killed. No body has been found. The organisation has claimed responsibility for kid-napping 12 Lebanese Jews

since 1984 and has said it killed

eight of them. Four bodies have been found. However, a Shi'ite source,

familiar with the thinking of pro-Iranian factions, said he did not believe Higgins has been slain.

"I don't believe he'll be killed," said the source, who spoke on condition of anonymity. "He's too valuable a card to be wasted. "He's an American officer

who had held sensitive posts in the United States. He also served with the United Nations. This makes him an American national security interest and an international interest," the source said. "I'm sure that Higgins will

he the last captive to gain his freedom ... he's the most valuable of the American cap-The nine American captives

include Terry Anderson, the chief Middle East correspondent of the Associated Press. He was kidnapped in Beirut March 16, 1985, making him the longest held of all the 15 foreign hostages in Lebanon. Apart from the Americans,

three Britons, an Irishman, a Belgian and an Italian are mis-Higgins, of Danville, Ken-

tucky, headed a 76-man United Nations military observer group monitoring the Lebanon-Israel border when he was kidnapped by gunmen near the southern port of Tyre Feb. 17. Two days later, the Organisa-

tion of the Oppressed on Earth issued a statement claiming the abduction and charging that Higgins spied for the "satanic The statement, delivered to

a Western news agency in Beirut, was accompanied with photocopies of two identity cards, one in English, the other in Hebrew. Both carried photos of Higgins, his signa-ture and a U.N. stamp.

"William Higgins, agent of the Central Intelligence Agen-cy who uses his U.N. observer's work as a cover for his dangerous espionage role, is now in the hands of our heroic Mujahedeen (holy warriors)."

it said. The United States and the U.N. Interim Force In Lebanon, to which Higgins' observer group was attached, denied

he was a spy. The kidnappers originally said they would release Higgins if Israel withdrew from territory it occupies in South Lebanon, all Lebanese and Palestinians held by Israel and its militia allies were freed and the United States halted alleged involvement in efforts to crush the Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied ter-

ritories. Five days after the kidnapping, the group released a 70second videotape of Higgins in which he repeated his captors'

The Iranian-backed Hizbollah intervened publicly in the abduction Feb. 25, when about 10,000 sympathisers demonstrated in west Beirut chanting "Death to Hig-

Hizbollah, believed to be the

parent organisation for factions holding most of the Western hostages, declared its support for Higgins' kidnapping April 11.

Hizbollah's chief spokesman, Sheikh Ibrahim Al Amin, told a Beirut news conference that Higgins was "not kidnapped, but detained." "We haven't been involved in his detention, but we support it," he said, without ela-

boration. In a statement issued April 21, the kidnappers dropped their offer to free Higgins and said he would be stand trial "for the crimes he has com-

The statement was accompanied by a black-and-white photograph showing Higgins in a dark field jacket, stoopshouldered and with a stubbly gray beard.

It accused him of taking part "American conspiracies" against Muslims and supervising "a Pentagon team to combat Lebanese and Palestinian Islamic organisations."

Almost five months after Higgins was abducted, Bassam Abu Sharif, chief spokesman for Palestine Liberation Organisation leader Yasser Arafat, was quoted by Beirut's Al Divar daily as saving that Higgins had been working on a 'large-scale operation" to rescue U.S. hostages when he was kidnapped.

He also said an alleged transcript of Higgins' interrogation indicated he "had headed the operations department of the U.S. Delta Force' before he arrived in Lebanon with the U.N. force in January last year.

Delta force is the U.S. army's elite counter-terrorist The Organisation of the

Oppressed on Earth said in a statement issued in December, along with a photo of Higgins resembling the one released in April, "we have issued the irrevocable sentence to executive this American spy."

# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Tecl: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE .... Котал Programme review 15:45 Children's programmes ..... News summary in Arabic ..... World News

JORDAN TELEVISION

... Arabic series 19:15 21:35 News summary in Arabic Variety show (contd.) PROGRAMME TWO

...... Varieties

Tocal brokemuse Programme review CHURCHES .... Vancty show Assemblies of God Church, Tel. ..... Le Monde est A Vous 19:00 News in French 19:15 Weekly Sport magazine 19:30 News in Hebrew

Jack and Mike News in English ..... Jewel in the Crown **PRAYER TIMES** 

06:32 Fajr 06:32 (Sunrise) Duha 11:45 Dhuhr 14:35 Acr Maghreh

Stt. Joseph Church Tel. 624590 Church of the Annunciation Tel. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annuaciation Tel.

Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261.

St. Ephraim Church Tel, 771751. Amman International Church Tel, 68532b. Evangetical Lutheran Church Tel: 811295.
Rainbow Congregation Tel. 822605. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 815817, 821264

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

The area is under the effect of a depression centred over Cyprus associated with a cold airmass. So it will be cloudy and rainy with snowfall in high mountains white temperature will decrease gradually. Winds will be northwesterly fresh becoming strong at

times.

In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy and scattered rain is expected. Winds will be southerly moderate to fresh and seas rough.

Desents Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 11, Aqaba 19. Humidity readings: Amman 80 per cent, Aqaba 35 per

**USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** 

AMMAN: Dr. Mohammad Ibrahim Dr. Hisham Kan'an ..... Dr. Abdul Hadi Tayyem ..... 790286 ..... 772435 Dr. Anwar Musa Al Haj Firas pharmacy ....

Nairoukh pharmacy . 623672 Al Salam pharmacy ...... 636730 Yacoub pharmacy 641945 Dr. Ahmed Al Hayek ... .... (—) .985238 Al Sharaa' pharmacy ......

ZARQA: Dr. Ghada 'Akkari ......

**EMERGENCIES** Civil Defence Directorate. Civil Defence Immediate Rescue....

Khalifeh pharmacy ...... 985417

. 630341 Fire Brigade Blood Bank 778303 Highway Police Traffic Police ... 843402 Public Security Directorate

Hotel Complaints Price Complaints ..... Water and Sewerage Telephone Information (directory assistance) Overseas Calls ..... Central Amman Telephone . 623101 .. 661101 .. 773111 Radio Jordan ..... Vater Authority Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615

HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn .... 642441/2

Malhas, J. Amman 636140 Palestine, Shmeisani University Hospital Al-Mussher Hospital
The Islamic, Abdali 667227/9 Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164/6 Italian, Al-Muhajreen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh Army, Marka Queen Alia Hospital ...... 602240/50 Amal Hospital ZAROA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital ..... (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)991071 Ibn Sina Hospital .......... (09)986732 RBID: Princess Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital ... (02)27275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital..... (02)247100

Jabal Amman Maternity

**MARKET PRICES** Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111

Apple	450 / 400
Agnatia (MITC)#242-7	9/10 / 75/
Саптов	230 / 180
Cucumbers	500 / 400
Eggplant (small)	140 / 100
Garlie	170 / 120
Grapefruit	160/120
Marrow (large) Marrow (email)	180 / 120
Marrow (small)	300 / 240
Orange (local)	230 / 180
Pepper (hot)	_ 480 / 400
Tomatoes	300 / <sub>1</sub> 250

### **NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF**

RIFAI MEETS ENVOY: Prime Minister Zaid Rifai Sunday received the newly-appointed Qatari ambassador to Jordan, Mubarak Ibn Naser Al Kawwari.

AQABA DISTRICT REORGANISATION: The Urban Development Corporation has awarded a local Jordanian contracting firm a tender to reorganise the Shallach district in Aqaba Čity. A department spokesman said that more than JD 880,000 will be spent on the project which entails laying water networks, sewers and other

TAFILEH SEWERAGE PROJECT: The Water Authority of Jordan (WAJ) has completed a two stage sewerage project in Tafileh at the cost of JD 698,000. A WAJ spokesman said that teams are now employed on replacing the old water networks in Tafileh city and the whole governorate at the cost of JD 400,000, and that other teams are prospecting for new water resources in the eastern districts. (Petra)

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JD 850,000 MADABA BUDGET: Madaba Municipality announced Sunday that its 1989 budget amounts to JD 850,000, and said that funds will be allocated for public gardens, road building, public squares, street-lighting and the construction of retaining walls. It said that JD 30,000 will be spent in compensation to citizens whose property will be affected in the process of carrying out municipal

EDUCATIONALIST LEAVES FOR U.K.: The educationalist Basem Barakat Sunday left for London on a several day working trip to Britain during which he will discuss issues pertaining to his kindergarten and school project. (J.T.)

MERCHANTS FINED: The military governor has endorsed the military court's verdict sentencing a number of merchants to pay a fine of JD 20 each for violating the supply regulations. (Petra) PSD IDENTIFIES SUSPECTED KILLERS: Public Security Forces have unveiled the identity of the suspected criminals who murdered a citizen in Amman last week and laid his body somewhere near the Gardens Street, a spokesman for the PSD said Sunday. The spokesman said that details of the case will be revealed later following the completion of investigations with the suspected criminals who admitted to committing the crime. (Petra)

PRE-SCHOOL SERVICES IN AQABA: The National Endowment for Child Education has decided to set up a branch in Aqaba to provide pre-school services to children and to support the children's programmes and institutions, particularly the nurseries, kindergartens and children's clubs. (Petra)

**HEALTH EDUCATION:** A week-long training course on health education, communication and their role in promoting birth spacing was opened Sunday at Balqa Health Department in Salt. Addressing the course was the Balqa Health Department director who stressed the importance of health education in birth spacing and called for utilising the course's information. The course is attended by a number of physicians and traditional birth attendants. The course will focus on the impact of birth spacing on maternal and child health, contraceptives and the importance of the health records of women.

SOCCER CHAMPIONSHIP COVERAGE: Director General of Jordan Broadcasting and Television Corporation Munir Al Durra Sunday discussed with a delegation from the Saudi Information Ministry scopes of cooperation in the sports field. The two sides also discussed the need by the Saudi television for Jordanian technicians to assist in filming, directing and transmitting the 5th world soccer championship for juniors, due to be held in Saudi Arabia in February. Durra said the Saudi delegation has selected 14 Jordanian technicians to assist in covering the championship. (Petra)

### **Badran urges drawing up** science, technology plan

General of the Council of Science and Technology Adnan Badran Saturday stressed the need for adopting a flexible plan for secondary and university education with main focus on human re-

Badran, who was speaking at an open dialogue organised by the committee on transfer of technology at the Amman Professional Associations Complex, called for directing special attention to the various stages of education and for linking science and technology with the society's

He also outlined the obstacles facing the smooth progress of science and technology and cited drawing up a national strategy for legislation as one of the obstacles.

Chairman of the Committee on Transfer of Technology at the Engineers Association pointed out the importance of open dialogue, saying that it contributes to highlighting the council's acti-

The objective of the dialogue is to create a joint cooperation between the council and the committee. The dialogue was attended by a number of officials

### Swedish expert to speak on trade with other countries

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Swedish expert, in Jordan to advise the Federation of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce on administrative and documentation matters. is scheduled to deliver a lecture on Feb. 22 to present an overview of factors involved in trade with other countries.

He will discuss issues related to customs 'regulations, freight insurance, terms of payment and delivery and the legal aspects of the trade business.

The expert, Peter Larsson, is the manager of the Trade Promotion Department at the Western Sweden Chamber of Commerce. He is here on a one-month technical assistance programme on try and other local institutions.

behalf of the international trade

The programme, financed by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), aims at improving the federation's services

to its members. According to a press release provided by the federation, Larsson will advise the federation on basic trade documentation, the federation's relationship with foreign chambers such as the International Chamber of Commerce, international trade cen-

tres and other trade institutions. The expert will also set up a system to insure close cooperation with the Chamber of Indus-

### **WHAT'S GOING ON**

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

### **EXHIBITIONS**

- ☆ An exhibition of works by Contemporary Arab Artists at Al Wasiti Art Gallery.
- ★ The Iraqi Cultural Week which includes an exhibition by the Iraqi artist Salam Al Madamgheh and an exhibition of children's paintings and children's literary and cultural books, at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- ☆ A plastic art exhibition by Mohammad Kamal, Samar Al Sabe' and Nibal Saleh at the Housing Bank Gallery.
- \* An exhibition of photos and videos on "La Defense", a new district in Paris which became a symbol of architectural creativity, at the French Cultural Centre.
- ☆ Yugoslav graphic art exhibition at the Royal Cultural Centre. ☆ An exhibition of caricatures by Jordanian artist Sa'id Haddadin at the Soviet Cultural Centre.

### BAZAAR

A charity bazzar that includes wooden handicrafts, embroideries, artificial flowers, children's toys and cultural books at Ala'a Centre, Hittin Refugee Camp.

### CONCERT

 $\bigstar$  A recital by the Italian accordionist Gervasio Marcosignori at the main theatre of the Royal Cultural Centre - 8:00 p.m.

# **Queen Noor to attend Arbor** Day ceremony on Tuesday

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor will attend an Arbor Day ceremony which will be organised by Greater Amman Municipality.

The ceremony will entail the official inauguration of the Maisaloun Garden on Jabal Nuzha, Hilal Garden in Tareq and Abu Nuseir Garden west of

Public and private organisations and private individuals will take part in the ceremony along with Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh and other officials.

Tree planting celebrations will also be held in other parts of the Greater Amman area where schoolchildren, and different organisations will participate in planting trees, according to a municipality spokesman.

He said that 100,000 saplings have already been distributed to individuals and organisations to be planted during the ceremony or within the current agricultural

Last year, the Queen took part in three tree planting ceremonies at the public gardens in thousands of holes in the ground Umm Al Summaq, Tla' Al'Ali to plant tree saplings during the



HM Queen Noor

The gardens were set up by the Greater Amman Municipality which also provided facilities for children and the local residents.

Meanwhile in Ma'an Governorate, the Agriculture Department announced that it had dug and Khilda along with great num- Arbor Day celebrations this Tafileh and Aqaba.

It said that 215,000 saplings will be planted to grow as shrubs in pasturelands and 42,000 forest saplings will be planted at Shobak, Wadi Mousa, Al Rajef districts, along the main roads and the desert highway.

The department announced that youth centres, local clubs and public organisations and voluntary societies will be involved in the tree planting cere-

The Armed Forces Chief of Staff Lt.-Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb attended a tree planting ceremony organised by the army headquarters at the Queen Alia Military Hospital grounds. Senior army officers and troops took part in planting tree saplings on the site. In Irbid, an Arbor Day ceremony was held at the Irbid Forest: The Irbid Governor and the mayor were among officials present at the ceremony during which thousands of people

Other Arbor Day celebrations were reported in areas around Jordan Electricity Authority stations and installations in Amman, Zarqa, Jordan Valley, Karak,



Armed Forces Chief of Staff Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb Sunday plants a tree at the Queen Alia Military Hospital grounds (Petra photo)

### **Qatanani leaves for Tunis** meeting on Palestine refugees

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan is taking part in a meeting by the Palestine Refugee Affairs Supervisors Conference which is due to open in Tunis Monday.

The Foreign Ministry's Department of Palestinian Affairs Director General Ahmad Oatanani left Amman Sunday to take part in the meeting which is being attended by Arab countries hosting refugees and the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA).

Before his departure, Qatanani said the meeting, which would last until next Saturday, was expected to discuss a report that was prepared by the Arab League Secretariat on the Palestine re-

fugee issue, developments in the Palestine problem, working papers on Israeli settlement programmes in occupied Palestine and Israel's violations of human rights and acts of sacrilege at holy

Israel's interference in the Arab educational process and the closure of schools run by UN-RWA, as well as developments in Jewish immigration to Palestine and counter emigration will also be on the agenda, Qatanani said.

The conference is being held every six months on a regular basis in the Tunisian capital.

Qatanani said that a representative of the Arab League will take part in the meetings.



Ahmad Qatanani

### Egyptian economic team in Amman

AMMAN (J.T.) — An Egyptian economic delegation has arrived in Amman on a four-day visit and talks with government officials on cooperation in industry and

The delegation, led by under-secretary of the Ministry of Industry Dr. Abdul Fattah Manji, will pave the way for a meeting in Cairo on Jan. 23 by Ministers of Industry and Trade in Egypt and Jordan, according to the Jordan News Agency, Petra. Minister of Industry and Trade

Hamdi Tabbaa went to Cairo in October 1988 and met with ministers and other officials to discuss ioint ventures and coordination in industrial fields. He said in an announcement

then that Jordan had formed three committees for industrial cooperation with Egypt to prenare a basic framework of coorrequirements and arrange for setting up industries.

During his October visit Tabbaa reviewed with Egyptian ministers progress in the implementation of joint projects agreed on by the Joint Jordanian-

Egyptian Higher Committee. These include one for the production of lean meat, fisheries

dination, to consider raw material and the production of animal feed.

> A press conference will be held in Amman Monday to announce the start of the lean meat project which will be carried out in

According to Ministry of Industry and Trade officials, bi-lateral trade is in the area of \$250 million annually.

### Egypt, Jordan begin talks

Industrial coordination between Jordan and Egypt was the main subject of discussion at a meeting for the joint Jordanian Egyptian Industrial Coordination Committee, which was held Sunday at the Ministry of Industry and Trade. The Jordanian side to the meetings is headed by Secretary General of the Ministry of Industry and Trade Mohammad Al Saqqaf, while the Egyptian side is headed by first under secretary of Ministry of Industry Mohammad Abdul Fattah Manji. (Petra)



### 3rd division commander presents cups

Commander of the Third Royal Armoured Division Sunday presented the division's cups to Majdi Abdullah and Kheir Yousef Hassan who won the first place in the 5-kilometre and the

12-kilometre cross-country races which were held Sunday as part of the division's cross-country finals. The division's commander also presented medals to other winners (Petra photo)



### Al Hussein attends Arbor Day celebration

His Majesty King Hussein Sunday arrives at Kharraneh east of Amman to attend the Arbor Day celebration. The King is accompanied by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Chief of the Royal Court Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker. ministers, high-ranking army officers and senior government officials (Petra photo)

## **Khayyat returns from Islamic** cooperation talks in Baghdad

ference declared its recognition

of the Palestinian state and called

on all nations to extend support

for the Palestinian people's strug-

gle to liberate their land and to

occupied territories.

faith, Khayyat said.

thwart Israel's evil plans in the

The conference which was held

between Jan. 10 and 13, discussed

numerous questions pertaining to

Islamic countries and religion;

and reviewed papers dealing with deviationist movements in Islam

and challenges to the Islamic

ters of Awqaf and Religious supported the oppressed people Affairs in Islamic countries will in their drive to end Israeli hold a meeting by the end of occupation," the minister March to draw up an integrated announced. He said that the conplan that would organise cooperation among their ministries in religious affairs, according to Minister of Awaaf and Islamic Affairs Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al

The minister was speaking upon returning here from Baghdad where he took part in an Islamic conference which he said took a decision on the March

Khayyat attended the second general conference of the Supreme Council of Islamic Affairs in the Iraqi capital, held under the theme "Peace in Islam."

He said that the conference "The conference greeted the

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) - Minis- Palestinian people's uprising, and justice in the Gulf region and the exchange of prisoners of war as soon as possible.

The conference was attended by more than 300 Muslim scholars and ministers of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs in 17 Muslim na-

Ministers of Awqaf from Egypt and Iraq also addressed the conference highlighting the importance of the deliberations and calling for the establishment of peace in the Gulf region. According to Khayyat, the con-

ference paid tribute to Jordan for supporting Iraq and the Palesti-nian people in the face of external

He said speakers at the conference paid tribute to the Iraqi Armed Forces and people of their voiced support for Iraq in their drive to defend their territory and quest to establish peace based on to achieve a lasting peace.

# Tunisian economic delegation arrives today for trade talks

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Tunisian and trade fairs in Amman and Monday headed by Kamal Bilka- of both countries' products. hieh, the director general of the The head of the Jordanian

Tunisian Export Centre. days in Amman discussing with government officials ways for promoting bilateral trade and trade fair at the Greater Amman boosting the work of Jordanian Municipality building, downtown and Tunisian trade centres in Amman, displaying food pro-

Amman and Tunis. Also to be discussed is the handicraft products question of setting up industrial

team to the talks is Ministry of between the two sides. The delegation will spend two Industry and Trade Secretary General Mohammad Saggaf Tunisia last year held a ten-day

ducts, perfumes, clothes and

According to Jordanian and

Tunisian officials attending the economic delegation is due here. Tunis to promote the marketing fair opening, the volume of trade at JD 30 million shared equally

> Earlier, Jordan held its third variety of national products. Jordan's products included leather, plastic and pharmaceutical products, cosmetics, kitchens, food supplies, agricultural products, oriental souvenirs and traditional

## JPMC to conduct research for obtaining uranium from phosphate

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordan kilometres south of Amman lo-Phosphate Mines Company (JPMC) is currently conducting Wadi Al Abiad, which is to the perimental laboratory to extract tinued. uranium from phosphoric acid, JPMC Director General Wasef lished in the local press.

Uranium, which is a basic comrated and then sold for a good yielding a net profit of JD 22 price, but the cost of producing it is high — running at the estimated rate of \$55 for every kilog- stood at \$350 million and this ramme.

The company also plans to purchase the Aqaba Rail-Aqaba for export, Azar said. At present the company mines of 48 million tonnes. the mineral at Hassa, 140

research to obtain uranium from north of Hassa and Shidieh phosphate which abounds in Jor- which started operations at the dan and plans to set up an ex- end of the past year, Azar con-He said the Ruseifa mine, the

first to be exploited for phos-Azar said in a statement pub- phate, had been closed down since 1980 for economic reasons. These mines last year together ponent of phosphate, can be satu- produced five million tonnes

> million, Azar noted. But, the total revenue in 1988 year it is expected to rise to \$400 million, he added.

But not all the produced phosway Corporation which now phate had been sold. According transports most of the phosphate, to Azar only 2.5 million tonnes of extracted from the company's the mineral were marketed worlfour mines in southern Jordan, to dwide in the past year which witnessed a total world marketing

with the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) to conduct joint cooperation to control the amount of phosphate dust produced in the process of loading the mineral at Agaba Port terminal is still valid. and it is hoped that the end of 1991 will witness the end of any dust that cause pollution.

The phosphate dust constitutes a major problem for the company, the importer of Jordanian phosphates and the residents of the port city, according to Azar.

He said the dust floats in the air

and pollutes the port region during loading and transportation processes from the mines to the

By the end of 1991 the company would install special equipment at the phosphate mines to separate dust from rock so loading areas in Aqaba would be completely free from falling dust, Azar said that an agreement Azar added.

### **Housing Corporation to carry out** projects in Irbid, Salt and Amman

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Housing of JD4.5 million, Hiyasat added.

Corporation will carry out several The Housing Corporation housing projects in Irbid, Salt and Amman this year and will implement the second stage of the Abu Nuseir project which entails sellpublic, Corporation Director General Yousef Hiyasat said in a Hiyasat said. statement published Sunday.

on a housing estate at Farkouh district of Irbid to build 182 units at the total cost of JD1.2 million, Hiyasat said in a statement to the JD159 million.

built at the cost of JD2 million. but construction will have to wait until the coming year, Hiyasat

Preparations for another housing estate, that of Marka in Amman, will take place this year and plans are being made to set up 378 units on a total of 51,408

The Housing Corporation built the Abu Nuseir housing estate and sold it to government employees but kept half of the land which will be divided into ing plots of land in an area of 300 to 700 square metres pro-1,200 dunums to members of the vided with roads, water and electricity for sale to the public,

By the end of 1987, Hivasat The corporation will embark pointed out, the corporation in a housing estate at Farkouh completed building 74 housing estates with a total of 14,500 housing units at the total cost of

Sawt Al Shaab Arabic daily.

In Salt, nearly 190 units will be structed in Amman, Zarqa, Irbid, Mafraq Balqa, Karak, Tafileh and Ma'an Governorates with Amman Governorate accounting for the lion's share: 22 housing estates of 6.894 units at an overall cost of JD10.5 million.

Beneficiaries of the units set up by the Housing Corporation, Hiyasat continued, pay 10 per square metres of land at the cost cent of the total cost of the units

in advance but can spread payments of the rest of the cost over 20 years and in the event of the beneficiary's death, his family will be exempted from paying the rest of the cost.

Hiyasat said that beneficiaries should be Jordanians of at least 21 years of age and do not own their homes and had never before benefited from the corporation's housing projects.

Meanwhile, the Housing Corporation announced Sunday that it has a number of housing units for sale to the public in Ma'an, Tafileh, Sahab, Irbid Ajloun,

Jerash, Mafraq and Marka areas. A spokesman for the corporation said that the units range in area between 73 to 131-squaremetres, and each is worth between JD13,000.

According to the spokesman, all sectors of the public, including private individuals and organisations, can benefit from the offer.

### By Waleed Sadi

# **Jordan Times**

جورين تاييز يومية عربية سياسية مستكلة تصدر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة المستغية الاردبية

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Telephones: 667171-6, 670141-4, 684311, 684366 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times Advertising Department.

## **Belted to safety**

SAFETY belts are again in fashion in Jordan.In a few days it will be compulsory to use them while driving inside and outside towns and cities. This is good news for drivers and their families and friends who may accompany them on their drives. There is a well-established worldwide consensus that the use of safety belts contributes to a marked decrease in deaths and injuries incurred in accidents that could happen while driving under various conditions. The fact that Jordan has finally subscribed to this international norm means that deaths and injuries on Jordanian roads will be cut drastically. There is much savings in this timely and long awaited step in terms of sufferings and economic costs. What remains is to implant in the Jordanians the culture of using safety belts. This may not be an easy task as it would take much time and many fines and penalties to reeducate Jordanian drivers in the habit of buckling up as soon as they sit behind the steering wheel. Regrettably, Jordanian drivers were metted with conflicting signals by the concerned authorities on the use of safety belts in the past years. The mandatory use of safety belts was on again off again so many times in the past that Jordanian drivers never had the time to get used to the practice. It is the hope of all Jordanians that the new rules on safety belts will remain sacrosanct from now on as to assist Jordanians to acquire the habit of using them for all times.

Meanwhile, it would be most advisable to use all forms of mass media to educate Jordanians about the benefits of buckling up. Most notably, Jordan Television is called upon to pitch in the battle of teaching Jordanians the custom of using safety belts as a routine practice. Maybe billboard signs should be also used to remind drivers that it is now the law to use safety belts. In addition insurance companies operating in Jordan will be well advised to join in the effort to make the use of safety belts part of Jordanian driving traditions. After all, they have also a vested interest in cutting down on the number of deaths and injuries sustainable in road accidents in Jordan. To be sure, there are other parties in Jordan which have a stake in reducing the death and injury rate on Jordanian roads and whose contribution to the overall national effort in making the use of safety belts a common practice are urgently needed. But, in the final analysis, it is the Jordanian driver who must bear the brunt of the responsibility of making driving in Jordan a safer privilege.

### **ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS**

Ai Ra'i daily on Sunday discussed Israel's escalation of criminal activities against the Arab people in the occupied Arab territories and said that the past weeks witnessed a rise in the number of casualties. There is no doubt that the Israeli government is intensifying its criminal campaign in a bid to end the revolt and to defy the world's call for an international conference for peace in the Middle East, the paper noted. Al Ra'i said that since Israel continues to scoff at the world community's condemnation of atrocities against Palestinians, then the United Nations should impose penalties on the Jewish state to force it to desist from pursuing its evil policies. Also it is high time for the Arabs to move as a body and in a concerted action to put an end to the Israeli crimes in the occupied Palestinian lands, the paper added. Israel, the paper continued, has so far been backed by the United States which, through its vetoes at the Security Council, provided an umbrella for Israel's atrocities. It said should the Bush administration maintain Washington's present attitude then the Arabs have no alternative but to seek an overwhelming U.N. support for a drastic action against Israel.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily welcomes the establishment of a joint Jordanian-Egyptian company for the production of lean meat. The project is of vital importance not only for Jordan and Egypt but also for the Arab Nation as a whole since meat production is a way to increase food supplies and ensure food security, says Salah Abdul Samad. The writer says that the project which came as a fruit of the work of the joint Jordanian-Egyptian higher committee is something to which Arab masses look to help them rely more and more on Arab sources for food and lessen dependency on imported products. Fresh meat produced locally is bound to save Egypt and Jordan vast sums of foreign currency that is being paid to import the commodity from foreign nations and can save the Arab Nation the risk of eating American meat treated with hormones that endanger public health, Abdul Samad notes. He expresses hope that all concerned sectors will now join hands to make this project achieve success.

Al Dustour daily commented Sunday on the European Community's current moves towards solving the Middle East conflict. The British foreign secretary's recent statements and the first ever meeting by a British minister with the PLO leaders in addition to the Spanish foreign minister's visit to Israel Sunday all point to one thing: That Europe is fully determined to help the two parties to the conflict to reach a lasting settlement that would safeguard the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people. The current moves from Europe point to a new strategy being adopted by the community towards the Middle East following the PLO's open declaration of accepting U.N. Security Council resolutions and its renunciation of all forms of terrorism, the paper noted. It said that the Arabs look to the new moves as very positive and favouring the cause of peace; and Jordan, which has been advocating a just peace world-wide, is particularly satisfied with the current efforts. The community's determination to move ahead with plans for peace also reflect the current favourable political situation and the on-going detente between the major

Sawt Al Shaab said that British government minister William Waldegrave's talks with PLO leader Yasser Arafat in Tunis clearly reflect Europe's immense interest in a Middle East peace. Waldegrave who urged Israel to respond favourably to the PLO's overtures and to accept the idea of an international conference is giving a real momentum to the peace march in our region, the paper said. It said that Britain which maintains close relations with the United States and is at the same time an ally of European nations and a friend to Israel and the Arabs can play a leading role in bringing about a real and lasting peace.

Weekly Political Pulse

# Marking time

RUMOUR has it that Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir has new ideas on peace between his country and the Arab side. The same source behind Shamir's story is spreading additional rumours to the effect that the Israeli prime minister is consciously keeping the details of his peace plans close to his chest for fear that the Arab side would reject and kill them as soon as they are revealed to the Arab parties. By the Israeli government's own admission, the Shamir peace plan is so bad and objectionable from the Arab side point of view that it is doomed before it is kicked off by Shamir. The question that arises, therefore, is: Why is Shamir bothering to float speculations about his so-called peace plans when he knows before hand that they are so flawed that the Arab side would reject them as soon as they get a wind of it.

Recent visitors to Israel, including Lord Henry Plumb, the Speaker of the European Parliament, refute all the stories about the impending Shamir's new peace plan and confirm that the Israeli prime minister has nothing really new up his sleeves. It could very well be that the independent observers are dismissing the reports about a new Israeli peace plans because they are neither peaceful nor new but rather a rehash of old ideas long discarded by the Arab and international communities.

So why is Tel Aviv making all this fuss about a new Israeli peace initiative that would sweep away all peace plans placed on the table of the Middle East? One possible reason could be found in

the fact that the Israeli government has felt the heat of the recent Arab peace initiatives and wanted to derail them by simply marking time. Shamir must have calculated that all the excitement generated by the bold PLO peace moves can be defused and confused only by propelling decoys in its path. And Shamir's much publicised peace initiative can be best understood as just one of the decoys that is meant to make the Arab peace offer miss the mark where it counts most, i.e., Washington.

If one is to go by the test balloons being blown up to float the so-called Israeli peace ideas, there are so many negative features already revealed about these thoughts to dampen any glimmer of hope about them or to make them serve as basis on which to construct rectifications and amendments with a view to making them more platable. Take for example the red herring thrown purposely by the new Shamir peace formula that calls for by-passing totally the PLO in the projected peace negotiations between Israel and the Arab side. What naivety still reigns in the minds of Shamir and like minded Israeli leaders to ever think that the clocks of the Middle East can still be turned back to the extent of excluding the Palestinians from the peace process at a time when there is considerable body of international and regional opinion that calls for exactly the opposite. There are other features revealed about the new Shamir ideas that are so flawed and ridiculous that are not worthy of commenting. They include

the preposterous flirtation with a scheme for extending the hegemony of Israel beyond even the West Bank.

The only possibly positive dimension of Shamir's new advances could be his acceptance of talks under international aegis; although he still clings to his thoughts that the international umbrella must remain ceremonial. By pretending to yielding to international consensus on the format of the projected peace talks on the Middle East conflict, Israel's prime minister hopes to obscure his disdain for substantial international involvement in

If you ask me, Shamir and his government is not yet interested in advancing peace process in the Middle East. His only priority is to quell the Palestinian uprising and then to gain a breathing space to deal the Arab side a lasting fatal blow. For as long as Shamir keeps on talking about the West Bank and Gaza Strip as "Ertz Israel," no matter what words he uses or formulae he introduces, the cause of peace will enjoy no chance whatsoever to survive and prosper. His aging ideas must be given an opportunity to die out naturally and slowly before the hopes for genuine negotiations between the Arab and Israeli sides would have a chance to bear fruit and come into fruition. As Shamir and his colleague wish to mark time the Arab side has also no choice except also to mark time till the 54 per cent of the Israelis who showed willingness to trade territory for peace get the upper hand

## Return to democracy not assured

# **Pinochet begins** last year of supreme power

By Richard Waddington

The campaign for reform,

however, has become partially

obscured by internal political

manoeuvring, as politicians from all shades and parties jockey for position before the first open

elections in Chile since 1970.

real candidates and who is going

to win, the military government is

not going to make any conces-

sions," said Jose Joaquin Brun-ner, director of the Latin Amer-

ican Social Science Faculty, a

think-tank linked to the moderate

An attempt at dialogue be-

tween the military government

and its opponents, which would

have been the first formal meet-

1984, failed when the government

After their dramatic plebiscite

victory, opposition leaders say

they are confident of securing the

lency and a majority in

new congress. "The political right

alone has never drawn more than

30 per cent of the vote," said Eric

Schnake, a leader of the centre-

rainbow as a symbol for their

plebiscite campaign, embraces a

wide range of ideologies and per-

The parties have tacitly agreed that the centrist Christian Demo-

crats, who ruled Chile from 1964

until 1970, when Allende was

elected, has first option for the

But Patricio Aylwin, party

president and official opposition

spokesman during the plebiscite,

who was assumed to be the front-

runner, is facing a challenge from

And the party's allies are de-

manding a fair share-out of the

potential congressional seats as

the price of their final approval.

"It is a very complicated game of

On the political right, united

political chess," Schnake said.

only in their support for the

military government's free-mar-

ket economic policies, things are

Many names are mentioned, in-

cluding young Finance Minister Hernan Buchi, regarded as the

architect of the country's recent

economic successes, but none has

Ironically, it is from the politic-

al conservatives that the strongest

pressure on the military to grant

certain reforms is beginning to

National Renovation, headed

by a former Pinochet minister

and generally seen as the

strongest conservative group, has

had talks with the Christian

Democrats on certain basic

There is an electoral motive

behind the right's interest in re-

form. Many Chilean conserva-

tives opposed the plebiscite be-

cause it allowed the opposition to

rally behind the single issue of

They fear that unless the milit-

ary agrees to change, the opposi-

tion will be able to turn the

coming elections into a single

issue campaign for constitutional

"There is no doubt that those

closest to the government would

be hurt. It would give the opposi-

tion a new battle standard.

defeating Pinochet.

reform.

Eguiguren said.

yet drawn wide support.

presidential candidacy.

others in the party.

no clearer.

The opposition, which took the

left Party for Democracy.

sonal ambitions.

"Until it is clear who are the

SANTIAGO — Augusto Pinochet, Chile's unrivalled ruler for the past 15 years, has begun his last full year of supreme power, but his opponents say the country's return to full democracy is not yet assured.

By the end of 1989 Chileans will have gone to the polls to elect a civilian successor to the fiercely anti-Communist general, whose dreams of continuing in power were shattered in a plebiscite in

The result of the ballot, in which Chile's seven million voters opted by 55 to 43 per cent against prolonging his rule for eight more years, means Pinochet must call competitive presidential and congressional elections on December

Few Chileans doubt the elections will be held and that Pinochet will have to honour his pledge to hand over power on March 11, 1990.

'I have not the slightest doubt that there will be elections in 1989," Gonzalo Eguiguren, a leading member of the Conservative National Renovation Party, told Reuters.

Pinochet, 73, who has outlasted all other Latin American military rulers except Paraguay's General Alfredo Stroessner, cannot stand in the election unless the constitution is changed.

Even right-wing political par-ties, which backed his bid in the plebiscite, have rejected any such

### Military tutelage

For the general's opponents, however, the transfer of the presidency from Pinochet will not mean an end to the military's political power. They say the country's constitution gives the armed forces excessive right to interfere in political affairs.

Pinochet, who is also head of the army, is guaranteed his military command for eight more years, if he wishes.

As army commander, he would sit on a military-dominated national security council empowered to question political decisions it considers threaten the country's interests.

He can also effectively appoint one third of the senate, sufficient to block moves to reform the disputed charter, before stepping

"What we have is military tutelage and not real democracy," said one opposition leader. Seventeen opposition parties ranging from centrists to the Marxist left, which came together to defeat Pinochet in the poll, say

rejection of his candidacy but also of the military's political plans. Their demands have been supported, in part, by some rightwing political parties who fear the issue of constitutional reform could be turned to the opposition's advantage in the coming

the general's defeat was not just a

presidential election. Civilian ministers have said the charter could be "perfected," but the general has so far ruled out

Pinochet sees the constitution as a guarantee against a return to the political and economic chaos from which the military say they saved the country by toppling elected Marxist President Salvador Allende in 1973.

### By Wolf Blitzer WASHINGTON - Israeli officials and American Jewish leaders heaved a collective sigh of relief the other day when Secretary of State-designate James Baker announced the nomination of

Eagleburger, a highly-respected career foreign service officer, who rose to the No. 3 position before retiring in 1984, has a strong record of support for Israel. This was vividly underlined just before his retirement in an interview conducted with *The* Jerusalem Post in May, 1984 at

Lawrence Eagleburger as deputy secretary, the No. 2 slot in the

"Our strategic interest is well served by a strong, self-reliant Israel," Eagleburger said at the "It provides us with an anchor in the Middle East, which we would not otherwise have. I can't say it any other way.
"The U.S. ability to affect

the State Department.

events in the Middle East is very much dependent on the quality of the relationship with Israel," he observed. "I think the reverse is ing between the two camps since also true, that Israel's ability to vetoed a left-wing member of the affect the attitudes of its neighbours is very much dependent on that same perception.

The Arabs, he added, must come to understand that the U.S. commitment to Israel "is not in question .. If they think there is some distance between us, there is less desire to find a way to reasonable solutions to problems than if the relationship is close." Since leaving the State Depart-

ment, Eagleburger has served as president of Kissinger Associates. Henry Kissinger's high-powered. New York-based consulting firm. The two men had established a very close personal and professional relationship in the 1970s. when Kissinger served as secretary of state in the Nixon and Ford administrations. As under secretary for management, Eagleburger was one of his most trusted

Not surprisingly, Kissinger and Eagleburger see basically eye-toeye on many of the most impor- for advice.

tant foreign policy questions of the day, including the Arab-Israeli conflict. Both, for example, have long been opposed to any enhanced diplomatic role in the region for the Soviet Union. Kissinger, while in office, worked to reduce that influence.

Kissinger's disciple takes No. 2

They also oppose the creation of an independent Palestinian state. But Prime Minister Shamir and Foreign Minister Arens are very well aware of the fact that both Eagleburger and Kissinger - like almost all U.S. foreignpolicy pundits — believe that Israel should be prepared eventually to withdraw from almost all of the West Bank and Gaza Strip. in exchange for peace.

"Kissinger and Eagleburger see eye-to-eye on many of the most important foreign policy question of the day, including the Arab-Israeli conflict... They also oppose the creation of an independent Palestinian state."

It is 13 years since Kissinger he knows the Washington power was actually in office, but his game; he knows where the bodies powerful presence continues to be felt in Washington. This will be so even if President-elect Bush does not offer him any official diplomatic assignment — and and well liked on Capitol Hill. most insiders here in Washington do not expect him to give kissin ger a specific job.

Kissinger, an imposing, even charismatic figure, has become a prolific writer in the newspapers and a frequent commentator on television news programmes. His thinking is carefully scrutinised by both American and foreign observers. And what he says will certainly be heard in the Bush administration. In fact, he is said to have a very cordial personal relationship with the new presi-

There are other reasons why Kissinger will continue to be important. In addition to Eagleburger, others of his former top assistants will also have important positions in the new administration. And they will look to him

game; he knows where the bodies are buried. He is also intimately familiar with the State Department and foreign-policy bureaucracy. He is well known Eagleburger is also very know-

House. Like Eagleburger, Scow-

While by no means hostile toward

Israel, Scowcroft does not neces-

strong support. His views are

much more down-the-middle -

those of the traditional Eastern

Council on Foreign Relations and

Eagleburger will play a very ac-

ledgeable about the Arab-Israeli conflict and maintains close personal relations with several important Israeli leaders, including Moshe Arens. In his earlier State Department incarnation, he worked bery closely with former ambassador to the U.S. Simcha Dinitz and former director-general of the Foreign Ministry David Kimche. In short, look for Eagleburger

to be among the handful of Bush associates dominating Middle East policy. In fact, Eagleburger is probably going to emerge as a main address for Israeli officials and American Jewish leaders, given his longstanding personal relationship with many of them.

But Kissinger, too, will remain an important address — as he has been since leaving office. All

position at State Department Brent Scowcroft, for example, important foreign leaders, includhas been named Bush's national ing most Israelis, when coming to security adviser in the White the U.S., usually ask to meet with Kissinger. They not only learn croft worked for Kissinger in the from the former Harvard profes-Nixon and Ford administrations. sor, but they also attempt to influence his thinking, aware of his continued behind-the-scenes

sarily share Eagleburger's very role. Yet familiarity and support can be two-edged.

Precisely because of Eaglebur-Establishment, as reflected by the ger's pro-Israeli reputation and his vast diplomatic experience, he the Brookings Institution.

Because of Baker's relative Israel more effectively than some probably will be able to lean on lack of foreign-policy experience, of the lesser-known Bush figures. This was certainly the case when Kissinger shuttled in the region.

tive role in many areas, including the Middle East. For one thing. Eagleburger will not have to prove his credentials. What he says in private to the Israeli leadership - and he can be just as hard-nosed and tough as his former boss - will carry a great deal of weight, and he knows it.

During the past four years, while out of government office, he continued to speak out on key

As far as the Middle East is concerned, he spoke before several Jewish groups, and received a few honours as well. At a forum sponsored by B'nai B'rith International in Washington last year, he challenged the whole concept of an international conference on the Arab-Israeli couflict. At the time, he seemed very much in tune with the views of the Likud leadership on that

More recently, he co-chaired (with former vice president Walter Mondale) a study group on the Arab-Israeli conflict sponsored by the Washington Institute on Near East Policy, a private think-tank. The final report of the study group generally reflected support for Israel.

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And during the presidential campaign last year, Eagleburger was an active member of Bush's Middle East task force. He strongly pressed for a pro-Israeli platform — and he got his way.

In the end, though, it will be George Bush who will make the final, tough decisions in the coming four years — The Jerusalem

# Gorbachev begins new year with renewed reform drive

By Robert Evans Reuter

MOSCOW - With a hectic burst of new year activity, Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev has signalled his determination to press full steam ahead on all fronts to maintain the forward thrust of his perestroika reforms.

In a punishing week at the front of the Kremlin stage, he has raked through the entire spec-trum of domestic issues in a series of vigorous pronouncements making clear there will be no let up in pressure from the top.

"It is very clear that he is more and more recognising the monumental nature of the task he has undertaken in trying to change this country," said a senior foreign diplomat, "and that he can only hope to succeed by keeping up the pace."

In seven days, Gorbachev delivered an effective "state of the union" speech to the country's top intellectuals, dealt with reform of the Communist Party and the political system and then switched focus to agriculture.

In between, he played a central role in forging an agreement between the leaders of squabbling Azerbaijan and Armenia on a way out of the territorial dispute that last year brought bloodshed to the two southern republics. "I know there is a view that he

official in the Kremlin leader's account. organisational entourage. "But the people have to know that he is ready to drive himself and will not let the momentum drop."

With domestic concerns uppermost, and particularly an economic situation he himself describes as critical, Gorbachev has set aside thoughts of foreign travel in the immediate future, well-placed Soviet sources said.

### **NEWS ANALYSIS**

At the turn of the year there had been speculation that he might shortly make the visits to Cuba and Britain that were postponed in December when the Armenian earthquake brought him home directly from the United Nations in New York.

The visits would be rescheduled, but no time-frame had yet been decided, according to the sources.

But the sources indicated Gorbachev would go to Bonn and Paris in a two-country swing in late April, reciprocating recent visits by West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl and President Francois Mitterrand of France,

If no problems arise during a visit by Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze to Peking at the start of February, the Soviet party chief and president would himself go to China in the second half foreign reporters. talks too much," said one Soviet of May, according to this. The 100 are the party's quota

In his speech to the intellectuals. Gorbachev delivered a vigorous defence of his "new thinking" foreign policy which has broken with the old Kremlin view that international relations were an extension of the "class struggle" on the world stage.

Moscow-based Communists from developing and some Western countries, whose own parties have expressed concern over this switch, say influential ideologists continue to question the new policy in internal Soviet party discussions.

At a meeting of the party's policy-making central committee on Jan. 10, Gorbachev clearly sought to show himself as a leader of consensus by selecting figures representing varying views as Communist candidates for elections in March.

A list of 100 names he presented to the session as the chosen of the ruling Politburo included both radical supporters of perestroika, his programme of economic restructuring and other reforms, and more traditional figures, according to partial accounts.

"I certainly believe it is a good thing that at last we recognise that in our society too we have liberals and conservatives as well as radicals of the right and left," a central committee official told



of nominated delegates to a new parliamentary body, the congress of people's deputies, two thirds of whose 2,250 members will be elected on March 26 in a key: stage of Gorbachev's "power to the people" programme.
But for once the Kremin lead-

er's sure-footedness ss appeared to desert him. Nomination of the 100, rather than selection by sole at a broadened session of the central committee in mid-March, left many Gorbachev supporters puzzled.

"I'm sure the intentions were good, but it does not look too lemocratic at a time when our slogan is 'let us learn democra-" one Soviet journalist said. In private conversation, officials also admitted they were con-

And Andrews of the Control of the Co

# Freya Stark — Eternal traveller

Dame Freya Stark has spent an itinerant lifestyle and written many books about her travels. A new book brings together her prolific correspondence to relations and friends; it is rich in accounts of experiences from an adventurous

### By Maggie James

LONDON — Writing to a young person wishing to travel, 87-yearquest of one's own — "history, literature, photography, anything like a pursuit to give an added reason and interest for travel."

She herself has had an interest in all of these things and, in addition, an abiding curiosity about people and places. This has been conveyed in her long literary career as a travel writer. As a substitute for a diary, Freya Stark wrote to her family and acquaintances as she travelled and an extraordinary eight volumes of her letters have been published.

The most recent volume, entitled Over the Rim of the World, edited by Caroline Moorehead

consists of selected letters which span 66 years of her remarkable

The modern day traveller can old Freya Stark advises that she only marvel at the confidence. thinks it important to have a stamina, courage and resourcefulness of a lady who, though not always in the best of health, frequently travelled alone, often in foreign countries where females were rarely seen in public or, as in Iran, where no European woman had travelled alone be-

> She used a diversity of transport, often spending uncomfort-able hours on the back of a mule or a camel - and all this in an era when many of her travels would have been regarded as pioneering for a man, let alone a woman.

Born in Paris in 1893 of English parents, Freya Stark's childhood was nomadic, with her artist paand published by John Murray in rents constantly moving. Freya association with Michael Russell. and her sister had a sporadic

education, usually under the tutorage of governesses. Despite this. Freya was academically inclined and went on to study history at London University. She had an aptitude for languages and gained a knowledge of French. German, Italian and Latin. Later, during her travels, she learned Turkish, Arabic, Persian and Russian.

During the World War I, Freya trained as a nurse in Italy, but caught typhoid, which turned into pleurisy and then pneumonia. She nearly died. After her recovery she spent the last year of the war nursing in Italy. In 1927 she went to the Middle East for the first time — the start of a lifelong fascination with the area.

While staying in Lebanon she noted, "I am very popular here - the one and only person who has ever come to learn Arabic for pleasure." Her presence was conspicuous and she wrote with amusement, "I have never been anywhere where it is more fun to have clothes: everyone is so interested in them, and if I put on a fresh hat on Sunday mornings it is with the agreeable certainty that it is going to give pleasure to the whole congregation.

Travelling on to Syria, Freya encountered bedouins with a train of camels and excitedly described the animals: "The great gentle creatures came browsing and moving and pausing, rolling gently over the landscape like a brown wave just a little browner than the desert that carried it. Their huge legs rose up all round me like columns; the foals were frisking about; the herdsmen rode here and there. I stood in a kind of ecstasy among them.

"It seemed they were not so much moving as flowing along, with something indescribably fresh and peaceful and free about it all, as if the struggle of all these thousands of years had never been, since first they started wandering. I never imagined that my first sight of the desert would come with such a shock of beauty and enslave me right away."

After a short visit to her father in Canada, Freya, determined to return to the Middle East. travelled to Baghdad. The British community in Baghdad was rather disapproving of this somewhat eccentric lady who wore Arab dresses for dinner parties and, in order to economise, lived 'native' with a shoemaker's fami-

She described Baghdad as a long flat city in a flat land, but her special interest was with the people. "The people here are of all fascinating sorts - the beautiful ones being Kurds," she wrote.
"Never have I seen more finelooking men, so agile and strong with legs bare to the thigh and red turbans, and long hair under, and a wild aquiline handsomeness

that is quite intoxicating and I

only wish I could paint it." Freya had begun to write articles for several British newspapers and in 1932 became a regular writer for the Baghdad Times which brought a welcome income. Although she returned to Baghdad several times, her restless feet soon took her to Iran, Egypt and southern Arabia. which she visited for the first time in 1934 because, as she explained later, "I wanted space, distance, history and danger." She had taken up photography on her adventures and also drew maps of

the areas she visited. More travels followed, including trips to India, across America in 1943 and 1944 (where she was asked to give talks on the Palestine question) and Turkey. In

1970 she was still travelling, this time to the Himalayas at the age

But that was not the end of her travelling days. In 1984 she returned to the Middle East, and visited Yemen and Syria. In 1972 Freya Stark was made a Dame in the British New Years Honours List, but found the title, she told friends, a little austere.

The final letter of the book contains a characteristic piece of advice on travelling in Arabia from Freya Stark, written in 1980: "I don't think you need worry about safety: the Arab feeling for women's propriety is so strong that you need only be careful to show that you are a modest creature by covering up to the neck, down more or less to the ankles and wrists, and the hair (I used to wear woollen stockings — to protect myself against the sun); a skirt over my riding breeches; long sleeves and riding shirt buttoned to the neck - and got no suggestions other

than quite numerous proposals of marriage, which I countered by explaining that my mother would not like me to settle so far away.'

— Academic File

# Freya Stark in traditional Arab dress. **Keys are also** becoming **'more** intelligent'

ESSEN (INP) — There are all sorts of buzzing, banging, and whistling sounds to be heard at the Security Technology Fair. Sensors register the noises and body heat of potential burglars, electronic eyes on doors and gates record unauthorised intruders through the fundus of the eye. signature or fingerprints. Floodlights come on, red lights begin to circulate, sirens sound the alarm and broken panes of glass as well as breaking the law are an integral part of demonstrations. This all takes place at the "world security fair" or "Security 88" in the West German city of Essen. This time around some 400 exhibitors from 17 countries course, such high technological attended, displaying everything installations are not cheap. Priattended, displaying everything designed to protect people. dwellings, industrial plants and

bank safes. have paid their calls at night and alarm systems have been used to chase them away if doors and windows were not secure enough. Criminals have since become a lot more cunning and bolder. They also are active during the day, use false ID cards and documents. Security technology must find ways to repel them for there are entire factory grounds, computer centres and data stores, laboratories or safes containing building plans which have to be protected from burglary, fire or computer crime.

The figures provide a warning on their own: some 3.3 billion DM worth of damage was caused last year in the Federal Republic of Germany through theft alone according to crime statistics. Bank and post robbers were ac-

ports carrying money and valuables were robbed, the staff of shops and accounting offices were the victims of armed robbers on no less than 2,904 occasions. The security technology branch this year anticipates a turnover of 7.5 billion DM — and the expectation of seven to eight per cent growth per annum in future appears reasonable.

The German Federal Post Office recently began making the TEMEX system available, which automatically passes on an alarm signal from a factory or the home - unobserved by intruders - via the telephone network to a security centre of the police. Of vate persons still tend to go for less complex security systems: for instance, light barriers set to baffle intruders at night, a lock which prevents shutters being pushed up or a programmed drive unit for shutters, which operated on a time basis, regularly opening and shutting the blinds thus creating the impression that the occupants are at home. The Essen fair displayed window and door glass which is shot-resistant and cylinder locks which cannot simply be

forced out. Keys too are becoming more intelligent. There is a key for instance, with built-in micro chip, which has a programmed code, making electronic locks safe from break-ins. Anyone wishing to keep undesired guests out altogether installs a "Videoportier" at his front-door. Then you can see who is there without

being seen yourself.

Kurt Pleyer (IN-Press)



MORE security is provided by this - in our photo, overdimensional - key with built-in micro chip. It possesses a preprogrammed code and cannot be copied. It is used to operate electronic locks and was presented in the Federal Republic of Germany.

(Photo: DPA)

### The 'unsung' lady composers performed, though, success folworks performed provided an

(INP) - Not just a few, but thousands of women have been composing for centuries. Yet if one asks their names, even the experts are only able, at best, to mention female composers in conjunction with a famous husband or brother. They refer to Clara Wieck, the celebrated pianist and wife of Robert Schumann, Fanny Mendelssohn-Hensel, whose brother Felix contemptuously described her compositions as "petticoat products," or Alma Mahler-Werfel, whose husband Gustav flatly forbade her to compose. Women were appreciated as interpreters, as celebrated singers, harpists, pianists or violinists. But composing was and remained a male domain.

But even in the 17th century, the situation in Italy was different. The music training of women had reached a high standard in Florence and Venice. Francesca Caccini, for example, composed a music drama entitled "La liberazione di Ruggiero" as far back as 1625 which, together with Monteverdi's operas, represents one of the earliest compositions of this genre. Barbara Strozzi, her contemporary, is regarded today as the first professional composer who was able to make a living from her works. But the traditional pattern of roles in a patriarchal society caused creative female talent to be quickly forgotten once more. This was the situation with which music researchers were confronted in the mid-1970s.

The women's movement was

already well under way when Cologne-based conductor Elke Mascha Blankenburg set up the "Arbeitskreis Frau und Musik" (Woman and Music Working Group) in 1978. She collected 'Frauenmusik'' (music by women), rummaged around in archives and looked for scores which had fallen into oblivion. She has meantime been joined by some 500 female artists and academics. Her "Frauenmusikarchiv" (Women's Music Archives), located in Düsseldorf, now boasts of 4,000 compositions, 300 records and about 200 books on the subject of "Women and Music." Particularly worthy of mention are the encyclopaedias which provide an overview of research findings so far, such as Eva Weissweiler's book "Komponistinnen aus fünf Jahrhunderten" (Female Composers from five Centuries). At numerous festivals, Frau Blankenburg not only presents works of past epochs; she also devotes her attention to little-known women composers of more modern times, such as Ilse Fromm-Michaelis (born 1888), Grete von Zieritz (born 1899) and Aleida Montijn (born 1908). All three can be regarded as outstanding artists of our century. But something that would have been a matter of course in the case of male colleagues of their stature. was denied them: the inclusion of their works in concert and opera programmes and, from the financial angle, a commensurate position in German cultural activity. Once their works had been

lowed. Ilse Fromm-Michaelis's music captured the interest of Hans Pfitzner, under whom she studied for three years. Greta von Zieritz attributes the positive reactions of her audiences to the highly personal tonal language of her pieces, and without Aleida Montijn's stage music, almost thirty years of Frankfurt's theatre history would be unthinkable. Yet only now have thoughts turned to her opera, her cantatas, orchestral works, chamber music and organ compositions.

The New Music festivals — to which Eike Mascha Blankenburg extends invitations - often offer

The difficulties and opportunities of women in the music world

female composers in the Federal Republic of Germany their first. chance to present their works tothe public. In Göttingen, Kassel, Heidelberg, Bremen and Unna the many-sidedness of women's apparent. But this virgin territory turned out to be treacherous in the first instance. The frequent diplomatic liberality on the part of the critics, and the occasional ardently feminist reactions among the audience hardly seemed to serve the cause. In like manner, the enormous number of

opportunity to confirm prejudices, too; those expecting sentimental music found their expectations confirmed, as did those who firmly believe that creativeness and handicraft skills are a self-evident truth which have nothing to do with sex.

In this connection, works by young artists from the USSR, Yugoslavia, Bulgaria and Romania are particularly conspicuous because of their niveau and content. Sofia Gubaidulina, Galina Ustwolskaja and Tatjana Sergejewa have long become a household word in Western Europe, as have Violeta Dinescu. Myriam Marké and Andriana Hölszky. Andriana Hölszky's vocal compositions "Monolog" for female voice and percussion, and "... es kamen schwarze Vôgel", a work for five female singers and percussion, have been performed in Kassel, for instance. Far removed from feminist defiance or excessive awareness of problems, her works radiate joy in tonal effects and supreme creative phantasy completely free from technical production problems or desired effects which make the performances of these compositions a stroke of born artist, now living in Stuttgart, has long secured her place outside women's festivals. Her first opera was premièred at this year's Biennale in Munich, the only work by a woman and one which met with undisputed success. Here, at least, one goal seems to have been realised: the



Composer Adriana Hölszky is one of the few women who has succeeded in establishing herself

in the professional music world. (Photo: INP/Hölszky-privat)

programmes. have no place in orchestras is even more tenacious than the opinion that composing is a man's job. Today, 1500 male orchestral players are to be found in an exposed position compared with 214 female musicians in a similar position. The old tale about women's limited powers of en-

pects of engagement remain fairly bleak for even the most highly qualified women players. The example of clarinetist Sabine Meyer with the Berlin Philharmonic is not an isolated case; harpist Maria Graf also departed after a year's probation. A female trombonist in Munich suffered a simi-

integration of a female compos- durance seems to be particularly lar fate. Not to speak of the er's music in traditional concert persistent in this sector. This is Vienna Philharmonic where especially true of prestigious ma- women are considered undesirstras in which the pros- able right from the start. Unfortunately, the old prejudice which female composers have now overcome — still applies to female orchestral musicians: women's music - and men's ears

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Gudrun Stegen (IN-Press)



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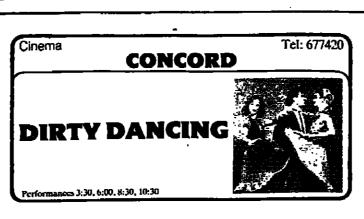


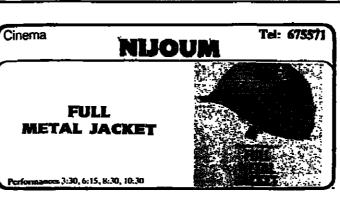


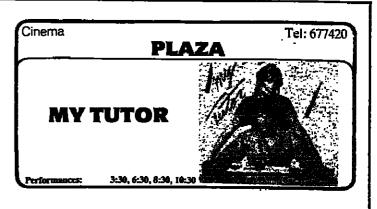
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# Soviet exports down, imports up in 1988

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet Union's trade balance worsened last year with exports slumping by two per cent and imports increasing by 6.5 per cent, according to official figures released Saturday.

Soviet Ministry of External Eco- trade system would improve the nomic Relations released the figures to the TASS news agency, adding to a more general state- and other organisations to export ment on trade he made to journalists earlier this week.

He repeated that total trade turnover stood at 132 billion rou- to boost trade growth included a bles (\$220 billion) in 1988 — up from 129 billion the previous year (\$215 billion).

On Wednesday, he said exports exceeded imports by four billion roubles (\$6.5 billion) last year. In 1987, exports totalled 68.2 billion roubles (\$110.8 billion) and imports stood at 60.7 billion roubles (\$98.6 billion).

Teodorovich told TASS the structure of Soviet exports remained unsatisfactory with 70 per cent derived from fuel and energy deliveries. Engineering products accounted for 16 per cent.

The worsening of the trade position appears to have been caused primarily by falling prices for oil and raw materials.

Teodorovich said efforts were under way to develop exports in areas other than primary resources - a key plank of Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev's perestroika reform programme.

Tadeusz Teodorovich of the changes to the Soviet foreign balance, particularly regulations allowing all state, cooperative and import freely from next

> He said the current programme move to confine imports mainly to machinery and equipment to modernise enterprises connected with engineering or the food in-

> The Soviet national income, a measure of economic activity that excludes the value of some services, increased by 4.4 per cent in 1988 and by 3.6 per cent for the period of 1986-1988, TASS said.

"The growth of national income was assured by an increase in labour productivity with an absolute reducing in 1987-1988 of the number of people engaged in material production." TASS said. However, it said that the in-

crease in national income still fell short of the plan for 1988 by 13.3 billion roubles (\$21 billion). It did not say what the goal was.

"No stability in the development of agricultural production and in the operation of processing branches had been achieved so far." TASS reported.

"The population's requirements for many food stuffs are not met, big purchases of food abroad have to be made," it continued, saying that the cost of those purchases for the last three years was 30 billion roubles (\$48

Gorbachev said a long-awaited plenary meeting of the Communist Party Central Committee on agriculture will take place in

The Soviet president is pushing to increase farmers' interest in their work by organising them on the basis of smaller groups and giving them more responsibility and a chance to earn more money for increased production. But TASS did not provide details on whether he went into specifics in his remarks Friday.

In those comments to agricultural specialists, Gorbachev defended the giant collective and state farms that were organised during Stalin's rule.

"Those who do not trust the collective and state farms ... have simply failed to think everything over to the end and failed to sort things out," TASS quoted Gor-

bachev as saying. "It is precisely now that our big collective and state farms will be able to work in the right way and in the interests of rural workers. and it means, for the benefit of the country because we reveal their potential in boosting the output of products.

# Greenspan says U.S. inflation not accelerating significantly

NEW YORK (R) - The U.S. economy is showing no sign inflation is rising significantly but fighting inflationary pressures remains a priority, Federal Reserve Chairman Alan Greenspan said

in remarks published Sunday.

What I am saying at this particular stage... is that inflation is not currently showing any significant acceleration," Greenspan told the New York Times.

"But having said that, it is not at all helpful in determining what policy stance one should take,"

"It really is important that we lean over backward, so to speak, to make certain that we don't allow inflation pressures to

U.S. central bank sets policy in-



Greenspan, who as head of the and Congress to slow or stoke the economy, said despite the lack of

cern remained staying on top of inflation.

"The central focus of what we are doing at the Fed is to keep inflation from accelerating - and preferably decelerating," he said. Greenspan said a "sea change" had taken place since the days of rampant inflation in the late 1970s and early 1980s and that he believed wage and price pressures were unlikely to once again fuel

an inflationary spiral. He said one common misconception of inflation failed to take into account how inexpensive it is to manufacture abroad for U.S. consumption, which he said alleviated domestic shortages due

to inflation without adding much to the trade deficit. Another misconception was the failure to realise the prime concern of U.S. labour now was

ions, who estimate that consumer buying power has dipped 40 per

cent during the past year, had threatened to call a general strike if the government did not offer an anti-inflationary package by this

But the so-called "cruzado plan" eventually led to black marketeering, hoarding, product shortages, and temporary moratorium of foreign debt interest militant and employers more generous. "People in Taiwan are get-

digit pau: as wo, kers turn more

ting richer and becoming big spenders," said Chen Yun-How, manager of the Far Eastern Department Store Company in Taipei.

"We have sold more cameras and television sets since July than in the entire (1987)." said Patrick Dass, sales representative of Per ama Stamford Electronics in Singapore.

### Boosted buying power

In the annual round of wage increases in May Japanese workers are expected to get more than five per cent more in their pay packets, economists said. With inflation near zero, that should translate into a big

increase in their buying power. "The domestic economy is expected to continue to grow, mainly led by consumer spend-ing and corporate capital investment," said Yutaka Kume. president of Nissan Motor

Sales in Japan of both domestic and imported cars zoomed to record levels last year and are expected to do so

Most of the imports are luxury cars from Europe, "European manufacturers have studied the Japanese market," explained Michio Watanabe, a

Liberal Democratic Party. High-priced imports are also catching on elsewhere in the region, partly because they are perceived as status symbols.

policy-maker in the ruling

The rapid rise in the currencies of Japan. South Korea and Taiwan has also made some imports cheaper and more accessible to the man-in-the-

"If it's got a French name on it, it will sell," said Myrick Hatch, Taiwan managing director of broker Citicorp Scrimgeour Vickers.

"They prefer to buy better imported cars than local ones." added Michael Chen, president of Taipei car dealer Pento Un-

ited Motor Company.
In Hong Kong, even the Chinese emporiums, traditionally a source of cheap, utilitarian goods made in China. have been forced to move upmarket. Out went the abacus and in came electronic tills.

East Asia's consumers go on spending spree along with Japanese stereos

and Italian leatherware. "There's been a real shift in what Hong Kong people consume and the way they consume it," said Jonathan Slone, research director for Asia at Broker CL Alexanders Laing and Cruickshank Securities (HK) Ltd.

In Thailand, the traditional bargaining system at local markets has given way to fixedpriced department stores and supermarkets that have sprung up throughout the country.

Once deprived of fine wines by import restrictions and banned from smoking foreign cigarettes by law. South Koreans are attacking consumer goods with the gusto of a starved nation.

They line up at the doors of plush department stores before opening time to buy high priced imports as well as increasingly more expensive domestic goods.

"I can't understand how they can afford this stuff, but they do," one department store executive said. "I can't buy anything in my own store, it's so

 Jaranese yen (for 100)
 381.5

 Dutch guilder
 233.4

 Swedish crown
 77.2

 Italian lira (for 100)
 35.9

 Belgian franc (for 10)
 125.8

# **Brazil maps out** anti-inflation plan

BRASILIA, Brazil (Agencies) -The Brazilian government Sunday was to formally announce its latest economic and administrative reform package aimed at curbing chronic high inflation and government deficits, the Brazilian press reported.

TOKYO - East Asia's con-

sumers are starting to loosen

their purse strings and live a

From Thailand to Japan,

they are snapping up every-

thing from automobiles to

Louis Vuitton handbags as they

spend some of the cash they

earned fuelling their countries'

recent rapid economic growth.

interested in enjoying their

life," said Toshio Yamasaki,

economist at the Bank of

They aren't alone. Accord-

ing to Thai commercials, the "ideal person" carries a golf

club in one hand, a portable

telephone in another, wears a

Gucci shirt and lives in a two-

storey house complete with a

are becoming more and more

interested in buying consumer

goods such as electric ap-

pliances and cars," Yamasaki

And their companies are be-

coming more and more in-

"People in these countries

microwave oven.

"The Japanese are now more

little.

Tokvo.

President Jose Sarney and his economic advisers Saturday put the finishing touches on the socalled "summer plan," a package that includes a 45-day price freeze on some 200 basic commodities, a reshuffling of top cabinet ministers, and layoffs of up to 60,000 civil servants, according to the

Rio newspaper Jornal do Brasil. The government also announced a bank holiday for Monday to allow banks to prepare for the package, the fourth anti-inflation plan since Sarney took office in 1985 as the first civilian president after 21 years of military rule.

In addition, the government Saturday scrapped a measure to devalue by 10 per cent the Cruzado, the Brazilian currency, the nation's largest TV network O Globo reported Saturday.

The reform will also phase out monthly monetary correction, in which wages, rents commercial payments and government in- pean banks. terest rates are adjusted to keep pace with inflation.

readjusted each month on the basis of the average annual correction for inflation during 1988, the TV network said.

terested in supplying those goods domestically, rather than

That is good news for the

United States, which has been

pressing the countries in the

region to cut their trade sur-

pluses by spending more at

home and buying more im-

has changed from 'export or

die' to 'import and buy'," said

Stephen Usher, research ex-

ecutive for Broker Kleinwort

Benson International in

in Japan, then spread to the

region's newly industrialising

economies - Hong Kong.

Singapore, South Korea and

For the most part, the re-

gion's thrifty workers are not

saving much less. The average

Taiwanese, for example, still

puts away more than a third of

rapid economic growth, East

Asians are now earning more

and have that much more to

spend, economists said. Wages

Taiwan are rising at a double-

both fouth Korea and

But because of the area's

Taiwan - and Thailand.

his earnings.

The consumer boom started

The catch phrase (in Japan)

shipping them abroad.

Brazil's inflation rate hit an all-time-high annual rate of 933 per cent in 1988, compared with 1987's 366 per cent.

In addition, the country's economy is stagnating, with gross national product of some \$300 billion up just 0.04 per cent in 1988, according to government

Leaders of Brazil's largest un-

The struggle against inflation in Brazil began in February of 1986, when with the cost of living increases at 255 per cent, Sarney declared a wage-price freeze, and implemented a new currency, the

Instead, salaries would be son da Nobrega, dropped the to government figures.



moratorium in 1988 and took a more conciliatory attitude towards the International Monetary Fund, whose approval is generally needed for major overseas private and government loans.

Foreign banks subsequently approved a long-term debt-renancing programme last September for Brazil involving some \$82 billion.

In the meantime, the Sarney government is attempting to secure stand by funds from U.S. lenders as a key part of its economic package. Brazilian Ambassador Marcilio Marques Moreira met with lenders in Washington this week for talks designed to obtain \$4 billion in new credits for 1989.

Brazil is the Third World's leading debtor nation, owing Sarney appointed his third fi-nance minister, moderate Mail-than a third of its GNP, according

World Bank cannot be resche-

duled, a fact which Chidzero de-

scribed as a major problem. He

said some formula might be

found to enable such countries as

Zambia to qualify as LDCs (least

Zambia recently resumed talks

with the IMF, accusing it of being

insensitive to the social and poli-

tical effects of its adjustment poli-

cies, which often involve cuts in

social benefits and subsidies.

developed countries).

# ECONOMIC NEWS IN BRIEF

Yugoslavia, Iraq discuss trade

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Sunday, Jan. 15, 1989

Central Bank official rates

So...4

264.6 310.1 77.9

486.0

BAGIDAD (R) — Yugoslav Deputy Prime Minister Janez Zemljaric held talks with Iraqi Trade Minister Mohammad Mahdi Saleh in Baghdad on expanding trade between their countries, the Baghdad Observer reported Sunday. It said Yugoslavia imported of fragi crude oil and chemical products were worth \$240 million in 1988, while exporting machinery, foodstuffs and pharmaceuticals in return. Dozens of Yugoslav firms and about 10,000 workers are involved in development projects in Iraq, including a multibillion dollar dam in northern Iraq, telephone networks for more than 60 towns and an oil refinery in central Iraq.

### Iran to sell tractor spare parts

NICOSIA (AP) — Britain will purchase £5 million worth of spare parts for Massey Ferguson tractors from the Iran Tractor Manufacturing Plant, the Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported Saturday. A plant official told IRNA that Turkey concluded a \$4.5 million contract and it will import 32 per cent of the purchased amount by the end of the current Islamic year (March 20). Talks have also been held with Bulgaria, Sudan, Syria, Brazil and Zimbabwe and export plans to those countries study, said IRNA. The expansion at a cost of \$182 million, and when finished, will produce 30,000 tractors per year. About 75 per cent of production will be devoted to spare parts, IRNA said. The tractor plant was established in Tabriz in 1967 with an economic and technical agreement with Romania.

### Bombay bullion dealers close shops

BOMBAY (R) — Bullion dealers, jewellers and goldsmiths are on a three-day closure of shops in India's financial centre Bombay beginning Friday to protest against what they called harassment from customs officials. Shantilal Sonawala, president of the Bombay Bullion Association, said the closing in Bombay would also cripple bullion trading across the country. Sonawala said the protest was triggered by over-zealous officials trying to curb gold smuggling. "Officials are not only seizing documents from dealers but are insisting on producing the sellers of gold before them as proof, which is very embarrassing to the public," he said. Dealers were afraid of buying gold even from genuine sellers, he said. The price of gold shot up to 3,340 rupees (\$223) per 10 gramme Jan. 12 from 3,150 (\$210) a month ago. The record is 3,600 rupees (\$240), reached in November 1987. India stopped the import of gold 40 years ago. India's annual demand has been estimated at more years ago. India's annual demand has been estimated at more than 200 tonnes, with only a third of it met through re-cycled gold and smuggling accounting for the rest, trade sources said.

### Turkish paper industry strike ends

ISTANBUL (R) — A four-month strike by more than 10,000 workers in Turkey's state-owned paper industry ended on Saturday with a deal that more than doubled their pay, the Anatolian news agency said. It said work would resume Monday with average net wages and benefits at 358,000 (\$194) a month, up from 119,000 lira (then about \$85) last year. Remuneration at the eight paper and cardboard plants of the state-owned Seka group would rise to 473,000 lira (\$255) a month from the beginning of next year. The stike that began on Sept. 6 was one of a record 500 in different industries in 1988, when consumer price inflation reached an annual 75 per cent.

### Japan to hait aid to Burma

TOKYO (AP) — The Japanese government had decided to suspend a 927 million-yen (\$7.4 million) grant to Burma because it is under military rule, the Foreign Ministry said. The grant approved by the government last July, however, has not yet been provided to Burma because of political approved to Burma because of political approved to be the provided to Burma because of political approved to be the provided to Burma because of political approved to be the provided to Burma because of political approved to be the provided to Burma because of political approved to be the provided to Burma because of political approved to be the provided to Burma because of political approved to be the provided to Burma because of political approved to be the provided to Burma because the provided been provided to Burma because of political unrest that broke out there last September, the ministry official said, speaking on condition of anonymity. He said the decision was made because the Japanese government has not recognised the administration of Prime Minister Saw Maung as the legitimate government and because Burma remains under military rule. Maung took power after a September coup.

# Del Monte expected to be sold

MIAMI (R) — The chairman of Del Monte Foods was quoted as saying the giant food company would probably be sold to help pay for the \$25 billion takeover of its corporate parent, RJR/Nabisco Inc. by Kohlberg Kravis Roberts and Co. The Miami Herald said Robert Carbonell told a meeting of Coral Gables, Florida, businessmen he believed it was likely Del Monte would be divested after Kohlberg completed the biggest takeover in U.S. corporate history next month. Carbonell emphasised, however. this was his personal opinion and not that of RJR/Nabisco, a food and cigarette conglomerate. Del Monte, based in Coral Gables, had sales of around \$2.5 billion last year and pre-tax profits of about \$250 million. "No decisions have been made by KKR on the sale of t what will be sold and those decisions will not take place for some

# **Oman expects non-OPEC** accord with OPEC

MUSCAT (R) — Oman's oil minister said Saturday he believed the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and other oil-producing states would reach an agreement aimed at raising and stabilising world oil prices.

"I know from my colleagues in non-OPEC countries that they are willing to cooperate with OPEC," the minister, said Ibn Ahmad Al Shanfari, told Reu-

"I believe that we will have an

reply to a question on whether the two groups could agree on measures to boost prices.

Shanfari met Subroto, secretarygeneral of OPEC, in Muscat Thursday to discuss cooperation between the 13-member group and other producer countries. Oman, though not a member

cutting output to help efforts to achieve market stability. Experts from six OPEC and

eight non-OPEC countries will agreement... definitely we will meet in London Jan. 26 for talks have an agreement." he added in to prepare the ground for a minmeet in London Jan. 26 for talks

of OPEC, has coordinated its oil policy with OPEC in the past by

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Seventh and Eighth circles.



### **ARABIC FOR SPEAKERS OF** OTHER LANGUAGES

The Language Centre at the University of Jordan announces that courses in modern standard Arabic for speakers of other languages will commence on the Jan. 28, and will last for 16 weeks. Two programmes will be offered:

- 1. An intensive programme in which classes meet in the morning for 20 hours per week, Saturday-Wednesday. The fee for these courses is JD 140
- 2. A regular programme in which classes meet 6 hours per week (5:30-7:10 Saturday, Monday and Wednesday). The fee for these courses is JD 50

Those interested please call at the Language Centre for registration.

isterial meeting between the two

Non-OPEC Angola, China, Colombia, Egypt, Malaysia, Mexico, North Yemen and oman will take part in discussions with OPEC members Algeria, Indonesia, Kuwait, Nigeria, Saudi Ara-

bia and Venezuela. Subroto told reporters Thursday that eight oil-producing states from the United States and Canada's Alberta province might also be represented and he hoped the Soviet Union would attend.

Shanfari, who was to leave for

Moscow Sunday for talks with

Soviet officials, said: "I will take the chance to ask our friends where in what ways we can cooperate. I have nothing to He said non-OPEC countries should not expect OPEC to make all the moves to stabilise prices,

below OPEC's target price of \$18 .a barrel. "It is our time (non-OPEC) to help them (OPEC) because the indication from OPEC is that they have a strong interest among themselves to keep the price of oil reasonable," he said.

which fell last year more than \$7

Spot market prices have recovered more than \$4 a barrel since November on indications that OPEC members are sticking to new lower output limits.

# Zimbabwe says fresh efforts needed to address African debt

HARARE (R) — Fresh efforts will be needed in 1989 to solve the debt problems of sub-Saharan Africa, which risk being overshadowed by worries about Latin America, Zimbabwe's Finance Minister Bernard Chidzero said.

"I don't think that the efforts which have been made so far ...come anywhere near to meeting the gravity and enormity of the African debt," he said in an interview. The minister presides over the

International Monetary Fund and the World Bank. His country has kept up with its debt payments and avoided rescheduling. He said the African debt was relatively small in absolute terms:

development committee of the

"You are talking about \$125-140 billion in sub-Saharan Africa. That sounds very small when you compare it to the Brazilian debt or the Mexican debt." But African economies were very fragile and suffering from very low growth and low com-

modity prices, he said. Last year,

despite healthy growth of 3.5 per

cent in the industrialised coun-

tries, African economies again

failed to grow in per capita terms.

Chidzero said middle-income African countries such as Zimbabwe had been largely forgotten amid concern over heavily inde-bted countries, most of which are in Latin America.

He said many African countries were still facing a net outflow of resources, despite extra lending through the IMF's enhanced structural adjustment facility (ESAF), the World Bank's special programme of assistance (SPA) and bilateral

He pointed out that some African countries such as Zambia, which jettisoned its IMFapproved recovery programme in 1987, were outside the scope of present debt relief efforts and were building up big arrears to the IMF and the World Bank.

Zambia's total debts of around \$4.3 billion are equivalent to three or four times its gross national product (GNP) - a ratio 10 times worse than that of

"I have the uneasy feeling that the world will have to recognise that sooner or later these debts have to be written off," he said. Debts to the IMF and the

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## Olympic coach begins 'Proposal 42' boycott

LANDOVER (AP) \_\_ the building after walking off the True to his word, Georgetown University basketball coach John Thompson walked off the court immediately before the opening tipoff of the seventh-ranked Hoyas' game against Boston College Saturday night to protest a new rule on scholarships.

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Most of the fans at the capital centre gave Thompson a standing ovation as he slowly made his way to the Georgetown locker room. He clutched the white towel he normally drapes over his shoulder during games and then tossed it to assistant coach Mike Riley at the outset of his symbolic

boycott.
Thompson's move was designed to protest Proposal No. 42, a National Collegiate Athletic Association rule that would impose stricter academic requirements for incoming freshmen.

The proposal was approved by the NCAA Wednesday by a 163-154 vote.

"In an effort to rekindle discussion in this proposal... I will not be on the bench in an NCAAsanctioned Georgetown basketball game until I am satisfied that something has been done," Thompson said Friday. He said the protest would "bring attention to something I think is a tremendous tragedy.

Thompson said before the game that he intended to leave court and he did just that, ignoring dozens of reporters before getting into a waiting car and leaving the arena.

The Hoyas played well even without his guidance. With Riley at the helm, Georgetown sprinted out to a 24-7 lead and coasted to an 86-60 victory.

"The players were very supportive of the coach," Riley said. "Some of them wanted to walk out with him."

Boston College coash Jim O'Brien said the Hoyas didn't miss a beat without Thompson on the bench.

"His absence had no effect

whatsoever," O'Brien said, Those guys could have coached

O'Brien said Thompson's walkout is particularly effective because he guides one of the country's finest programmes and because he was the 1988 Olympic basketball coach. And while he said he wouldn't take similar action, O'Brien said he agreed with Thompson in principle.

Dozens of coaches around the country agreed with Thompson, expressing their displeasure.

Proposal 42, which is to go into effect in 1990, would prevent high school students who meet only part of the NCAA's entrance criteria from receiving scholarships their first year in college.

It applies to athletes who fail to score 700 (out of a possible 1,600) on the scholastic aptitude test, a college entrance examination, or a 15 (out of 36) on the American college test, and a 2.0 grade-point average in a high school core curriculum of 11 subjects.

**GOREN BRIDGE** BY CHARLES GOREN

TIME TO CHANGE HORSES

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH ♠ KJ5 K 10 7 🛨 Q 10 9 3 EAST ◆ 98 <sup>↑</sup> J 10 9 5 2 **4** 5 4 2 SOUTH **★** A Q 10 6.2 AQJ5 The bidding: West South

3 NT Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: King of 🕏 If you can see that the enemy won't permit you to adopt your preferred line, don't stubbornly persist with it. Search for a reasonable alternative.

Three no trump by South would have been an ironclad contract as the cards lie. Played by North, however, the defenders would have been able to collect five tricks with the lead of the jack of hearts. It was probably just as well, therefore, that South corrected to four spades, then displayed the necessary skill to bring the contract home. Note South's delicate game try of three hearts, the suit where he needed help. West led the king of clubs, and

declarer realized that only his third heart was going to prove a prob-lem-since West almost surely held the ace of hearts, declarer was resigned to two losers in the suit. His original idea was to ruff the third heart in dummy, but West scotched that plan by shifting to a trump. Now there was probably no way the defenders could be prevented from taking out all the table's trumps before declarer could score his ruff.

There was an elegant counter, and declarer found it. He drew all the outstanding trumps, then cashed the ace-queen of diamonds. Next, he overtook the jack of diamonds with the king and led the nine of clubs. When East could not, or did not, cover, declarer refrained from ruffing. Instead, he discarded a low heart, and West was trapped in an endplay. If he cashed the ace of hearts, he would set up declarer's king. If he led a low club, dummy's queen would win. So West tried the ace of clubs. Declarer ruffed, crossed to the table with the ten of diamonds and discarded a heart on the queen of clubs. He lost only one heart trick and two clubs.



Hands up! Handball is one of the world's fastest growing sports, both in participation and audience, demanding both agility and stamina. Romanian Peter Ivanescu formerly one of the game's most outstanding players and now West Germany's national coach

sums up his gritty philosophy for success thus — 'I need fighters who are prepared to give everything'. The West Germans are pictured here (in the white stripes) trying to find their way through the Yugoslav de**New South Wales Open** 

# Navratilova takes 4th title

SYDNEY (R) — Martina Navratilova gave herself a boost on the road to the Australian Open by winning her fourth New South Wales Open title Sunday, beating Catarina Lindqvist of Sweden 6-2, 6-4 in the women's final.

In the men's final, American Aaron Krickstein, ranked 14th in the world, beat 223rd-ranked Andrei Cherkasov of the Soviet Union, 6-4, 6-2.

Navratilova told reporters after her game: "I think the peaks and troughs are higher and lower than they used to be."

Now she was at a peak, she said, and as well placed as anyone to take the Australian Open crown from West Germany's Steffi Graf when the tournament starts in Melbourne Monday.

She broke Lindqvist's serve twice in the first set but the Swede lifted her game in the second, pounding a series of backhand and forehand winners.

"Her (Lindqvist's) backhand is the prettiest stroke in women's tennis," Navratilova said. But she described her opponent's first serves as too tentative.

Lindqvist, ranked 42nd, and seeded 13th in the tournament, broke the American's serve twice in the second set before Navratilova, world number two, broke

back three times to take the set and the match. In her five matches of the tournament Navratilova dropped no sets and conceded only 22

She also won the \$345,000 tournament, considered by many players an important warm-up for the Australian Open, in 1982,

1984 and 1985. "I thought I played pretty well," said Lindqvist. "I had some opportunities but didn't take them. Every time you get a chance against a player like Martina you've got to take them and I

"Martina played well but she is serve in the eighth and final game

ers in Melbourne a bit different than she has here." Lindovist added. "She has to serve well to win. Her serve is her biggest

strength." Krickstein, 21, a former world no. 7 hampered by injuries, now has won five grand prix titles in his career.

Cherkasov, playing in his second grand prix tournament and first final, was outclassed by Krickstein.

"Once I got on top of him I felt pretty comfortable. He put up a strong fight in the first set, but when I won that I felt in control," Krickstein said.

"It feels great to win a tournament again. I have had a lot of injury problems and they made things really hard for me," he added. "By winning again I think I have proved I'm still a good player.

The U.S. player locked up the match and title when he broke to lead 2-0 in the second set. A second break of Cherkasov's

going to find the calibre of play- wrapped up the victory.

### Pele makes his stand

SAO PAULO, Brazil (AP) -Pele, the retired soccer star, was quoted Friday as saying that he quit a government public rela-tions job to avoid "lying" about

his country.
Pele, who retired as a player in 1977, last year resigned as good-well ambassador for the government tourism agency Embratur. In an interview with the Rio newspaper Jornal Do Brasil, Pele said he had quit because he was embarrassed by reporters' questions about widespread violence and street crime in Brazil.

"I just couldn't go on lying any more," he said. Pele said the last straw came when Embratur asked him to promote a Brazilian perfume in the United States.

"I was paid to defend Brazil and not to sell perfume," he said. Pele, who has admitted to poli-

Warm friendliness will encompass

this day. Some may teeter-tooter

between indulgence and practicality. Business affairs will run smoothly with a focus on detail

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) A

romantic spark could light up the day. Think over a new project before getting involved to the point

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)

Seek expert advice on a financial problem. Read what you sign. You may feel at odds with a loved one or friend. Unwind and rest.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A situation has you puzzled. If it is not right for you, just say no. A cheerful disposition will help you

get through the day.
MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

Jul. 21) You are thinking about change, but may have to wait. Don't let uncertainty drag you

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Conflicts

arise over sharing resources and

money. Your mate may not be in the best frame of mind. Make bet-

ter use of your energy system. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)

Minor irrritations at the workplace

prelates 46 Hoodwink

48 Of little

again 54 Bustle

57 Longing 58 Football

player 59 Twisted

(Answers tomorrow)

DOWN 2 From side

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55 Contend 56 Some Asians

FORECAST FOR MONDAY, JANUARY 16, 1989

YOUR HOROSCOPE

As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation,

GENERAL TENDENCIES: pop up but will clear if you roll with the waves. Prepare for a pleasant

evening.

ernment's sluggishness in enacting an economic programme to curb 933-per cent inflation.

"The problem in Brazil is more moral one. We won't resolve the people's hunger and social injustices with demagoguery," he

The three-time former world champion met in Sao Paulo with the Brazilian veterans soccer team that will take part in the II Pele cup for veterans. Veterans teams from England.

West Germany, Italy, Argentina. Uruguay and Brazil will participate in the 19-day tournament, which starts Sunday.

Pele, 48, who scored more goals than any other players in his 20-year career, said he probably wouldn't play in the tournament but had considered a brief stint as

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Ner-

ous self-doubt may be at the root

of difficulties you are encountering.

Rekindle your enthusiasm before

you get into a lazy mood. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You are involved to the max in the

day's events. Preserve inner

strength with a patient attitude. The evening will be more upbeat. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

21) The day will bring a delightful focus on your love life and social interests. An old flame's interest may

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

Don't expect perfection from a loved one. Focus on the stimulus of

sharing and companionship that

you have at present. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)

The pieces of a puzzling financial adventure may be falling in place in spite of problems in the recent past. Focus on young people.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)

Launch a new activity or project that has promise of future rewards.

Travel may be planned. Stay with

vour fitness program.

Tomba leads after first heat

KITZBUEHEL (AP) - Alberto Tomba of Italy took the lead after the first heat of a World Cup slalom race Sunday. Tomba. the Olympic gold medallist in the slalom and giant slalom, went down the course in 52.04 seconds, ahead of Austrian Berhard Gstrein, who finished in 52,27, and West German Armin Bittner's time of 52.59. Marc Girardelli of Luxembourg was fourth in 52.89 and is in position to do well in the combined event, which includes the results of Saturday's downhill, where he was second. His major rival, Pirmin Zurbriggen of Switzerland, nearly fell in his run-and-was far-back, finishing the first heat in 55.61.

**SPORTS IN BRIEF** 

VALENCIA (R) — Spanish soccer league champions Real

Madrid struggled to force a 1-1 draw at Valencia Saturday, but

stayed top of the first division. Real are three points clear of

second-placed Barcelona, who could close the gap to one point by

LISBON (R) — Benfica midfielder Hernani Neves faces a lengthy

ban from soccer following the discovery of traces of cocaine in his

urine during a routine post-match test, the Portuguese league

leaders said Sunday. The 25-year-old international tested positive

after playing in Benfica's 2-0 victory over Sporting last month and

a second test on the same sample confirmed the result, club doctor Bernardo Vasconcelos said. "This unfortunate case has

nothing to do with banned medical products. The cocaine-based

drug involved is taken purely for psychological effects," Vascon-

Real Madrid draw at Valencia but stay top

beating sixth-from-bottom Malaga Sunday.

Benfica star found with cocaine

### 49ers coach talks of resigning after bowl

SAN JOSE (AP) -- San Francisco 49ers coach Bill Walsh has told ie ne wili resign after the Su whether his team wins or loses a week from Sunday, a newspaper reported Saturday. A colleague of Walsh and a National Football League head coach, both speaking on condition of anonymity, told the San Jose Mercury News that Walsh told them separately during the past week that he would resign and that his decision was final. Walsh, however, denied he had reached a decision on his coaching future.

### Schneider wins fifth slalom

GRINDELWALD (AP) - Vreni Schneider of Switzerland overcame a spill Sunday and won her fifth World Cup slalom race, keeping her winning streak alive. Schneider, who suffered a slight shoulder dislocation in a spill during an early-morning warmup run, ripped through the second heat to win the race in a total time of one minute, 22.87 seconds.

# **U.K.** cricket yields to apartheid ban

LONDON (AP) — English crick-et officials are prepared to ban all players who have future contacts with South Africa in order to avoid the prospect of internation- of its policy of apartheid, or racial al isolation.

Board, governing body for the sport in England, has sent a letter ties of a number of team memto the 17 major cricket-playing counties suggesting adoption of a four-year international ban for any player competing or coaching in South Africa after April 1.

The ban would not affect the dozens of English players who in the past have earned lucrative salaries in South Africa. The TCCB said Friday it was

calling for the ban in order to head off the possibility of even tougher measures expected to be discussed by the international cricket conference at its meeting Jan. 23 in London.

Officials also fear that England, which founded the sport, the ICC.

could become an international outcast if it refuses to cut its ties with South Africa, banned from most international sports because separation. English trips to India and New

The Test and County Cricket Zealand were cancelled this winties of a number of team members to South Africa. TCCB chairman Raman Subba

Row said the four-year ban would bring England into line with other cricket-playing nations.
"We still feel our blokes should

be free to play in South Africa as individuals, but we now find the situation that if we continue to pick them for England (in international matches) something is going to happen to international cricket," he said.

Officials from the 17 English counties will meet Thursday to decide whether to endorse the four-year ban and propose it to

### Brazilians, Dutch in indoor soccer final

ROTTERDAM (AP) - The Netherlands edged the United States 2-1 and Brazil beat Belgium in a penalty shootout Saturday to reach the final of the inaugural indoor soccer world championship.

Brazil and Belgium were tied 1-1 after regulation play and 3-3 at the end of extra time before

Brazil won the shootout 4-3.
Brazil played best throughout the match but found it tough to break Belgium's staunch defence. "On the whole, our win was well deserved," said captain Raul. The host nation, cheered on by

a crowd of 2,500, scored both their goals through captain Vic Hermans. The U.S. reply came from Jim Gabarra.

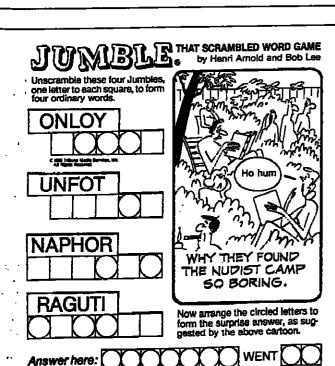
The final is Sunday at the 7,000-capacity aloy hall here. The Dutch were tentative at

first, unable to cope with the U.S. early checking. But when the United States failed to get any momentum of its own going, the home side pushed ahead." We had to perform and we did it,' said coach Ron Groenewoud, who had been harshly criticised in the Dutch press throughout the tournament.

# THE BETTER HALF,



"He wrote 'I love you' on the floor with his dirty socks. He's as romantic as he is disgusting."



Jumbles: LEGAL MOOSE RAREFY HICCUP Answer: Praise this and you're sure to turn a woman's head—HER PROFILE

### THE Daily Crossword by Craig Schultz



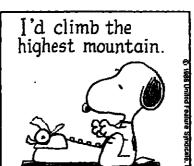
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MOM TIVULI SAGT

BROIL CLAYEY
LISTEN LASERS
ATTU IRIS ADAME
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LAKERS ABODES
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VET SAINT LAVER
ONE ERNES AMORE 6 Blushing 7 Game division 8 Move to music 9 Molding 10 Cushion 11 Yale student 13 Rod of tennis 49 Having control Simulta-neously 18 Weasels 22 Elegance 23 Animation 25 Alda or Ladd 26 Piece of land 27 Wore away 29 Keeps clear of 30 Prods

47 Skep 48 Lion's hair 49 Howl 50 Cool drink 51 Against 52 Printing 39 Covered 40 Vulture 41 Small islands 42 Things for

### **Peanuts**







### Mutt'n' Jeff



### Andy Capp





# Uganda wants **Amin** back

KAMPALA (R) - Uganda is to step up diplomatic pressure for the extradition of former dictator Idi Amin from neighbouring Zaire, government sources said Sunday

The Kampala government wants to question the deposed leader, who slipped out of exile in Saudi Arabia early this month, about human rights abuses and

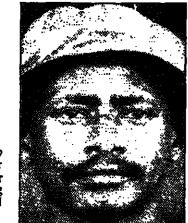
Officials say Amin could face charges relating to his eight-year rule from 1971 when hundreds of thousands of Ugandans are esti-mated to have died in massacres. Amin flew to Kinshasa from Saudi Arabia, where he had been

living in exile since being driven out of Uganda in 1979. Zairean authorities said he used a false Zairean passport to fly there via Nigeria and Gabon. Zaire refused to allow Amin to

enter the country, and flew him to Senegal in a private jet, to enable him to catch a Saudi Arabian flight from there last week. But Saudi authorities. apparently refusing to accept him back, barred Amin from boarding the plane in Dakar and he was

former army boxing champion massacres.

retured to Kinshasa in the Zai-



Yoweri Museveni

who became one of Africa's most ruthless dictators.

African diplomats in Kampala said President Mobutu Sese Seku's government was embarrassed by Amin's arrival there. accompanied by his son, and was placed in a dilemma by Saudi Arabia's apparent refusal to allow him to return to Jeddah.

Uganda's first request last week for Amin's extradition was turned down because there is no extradition treaty with Zaire. government sources said.

But President Yoweri Museveni told reporters Saturday that Uganda would continue to press for Amin's return here.

Officials in Kampala said Uganda wants to put Amin before a government commission inquiring into human rights buses during his rule.

Witnesses have already told the commission that Amin was personally involved in the murder of Zaire says it is looking for a Anglican Archbishop Janani country to take Amin. 61, the Luwum in 1977 and in many Anglican Archbishop Janani

### **WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Tito's widow loses case

BELGRADE (AP) - The widow of late President Josip Broz Tito has lost an appeal for the revision of a Belgrade court ruling over her inheritance, a press report said Saturday. The Belgrade daily Vecernje Novosti said the Supreme Court of Serbia rejected her demand for the revision and instructed her that she could pursue the matter with the Yugoslav state to prove that some of the items of Tito's estate indeed belong to her. Tito died in 1980. Mrs. Broz filed a suit in 1985 to gain from Tito's estate what she claimed were her personal belongings, such as paintings, books, furs, jewelry and furniture. A ruling in 1986 said all Tito's estate was state property.

### Ethiopian rebels kill 137

NAIROBI (R) - Ethiopian rebels said Saturday they killed 137 government soldiers and captured four when they attacked an army convoy trying to open a main road in northern Tigray province. The clandestine radio of the Tigray People's Liberation Front (TPLF), monitored in Nairobi, said the fighting took place Monday near Mekele, capital of Tigray, on the main road to Addis Ababa. The TPLF did not give its own casualties. Earlier this week the TPLF, fighting for autonomy of Tigray, reported similar clashes near Mekele and said 272 government soldiers had been killed.

### 2 bombs blast in Ireland

BELFAST (AP) - Several soldiers and civilians were injured when bombs exploded in Belfast and Londonderry near military police said. In the first of two Saturday night attacks, a soldier and two civilians were hurt when a bomb exploded near Dunmisk Park in a residential section of predominantly Catholic west Belfast, a police spokesman said. One woman was treated for shock at a hospital and released. A man and a soldier were receiving treatment but their injuries were not believed to be serious, said the police officer, speaking on condition of anonymity. The area was cordoned off after the explosion just before 11:00 p.m. (2300 GMT), and experts were examining a second device found in the vicinity, he said, adding that a British army patrol had been in the area during the explosion. The bomb in Londonderry, 110 kilometres northeast of Belfast, exploded at about 11:45 p.m. (2345 GMT) in the city's central business district, said a police

### Tamil children seek asylum

GENEVA (AP) - Swiss authorities registered a sharply higher inflow of 16,726 seekers of political asylum last year, including hundreds of unaccompanied Tamil minors from Sri Lanka, a government spokesman said Friday. Related to Switzerland's total population of 6.5 million, the inflow - marking an increase by 53 per cent over 1987 — was believed to be the largest in Western Europe. West Germany, with a population of 61 million, reported 103,076 asylum seekers last year.

### Bomb joker arrested

PHILADELPHIA (R) - A man was arrested at the Philadelphia airport Saturday after making a joke about a bomb as he was buying a ticket, police said. As the unidentified man in his mid-thirties was purchasing a ticket for a Northwest Airlines flight to Minneapolis, he quipped: "I want the window seat away from the bomb," police Sergeant Thomas Harkins said. "He thinks he's a comedian but the ticket attendant doesn't." Harkins said. The attendant called the pilot, who ordered that the plane be searched,

# Moscow takes over Karabakh

MOSCOW (R) — Soviet authorities have decided to put the disputed territory of Nagorno-Karabakh under central control after nearly a year of ethnic

satisfying Armenian demands in their dispute with Azerbaijan over the territory and could remove an impediment to Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev's places Nagorno-Karabakh under perestroika programme of econo-the control of a committee remic and political reforms.

A decree issued Saturday and carried by the TASS news agency dissolves local government in the territory, the focus of 11 months of ethnic tension.

At least 78 people have died in Armenia and Azerbaijan — on the Soviet Union's southern media. fringe. Forty-three were killed in the latest flare-up in November the situation in the territory last and December and tens of summer and has denounced lead-

The solution was seen as partly thousands fled their homes. The decree, drawn up at a meeting last Thursday of the country's highest state body, the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet,

sponsible to central authorities.

The committee, headed by special Kremlin envoy Arkady Volsky, is to assume full legislative and executive powers in addition to controlling virtually all aspects of day-to-day life - industry, administration, education and the

Solution seen as gain for Armenians

ers of both Armenia and Azerbaijan for failing to halt the violence.

The measures, to go into effect Jan. 20, were described as temporary. But the decree did not say how long they would remain in force in the territory, populated mainly by Armenians but run by Azerbaijan since 1923.

Placing Nagorno-Karabakh virtually under Moscow's control was seen as satisfying at least partly Armenian demands, though the territory at least nominally remains a part of Azer-

After Azerbaijan and then the Kremlin last year rejected Nagorno-Karabakh's calls to be transferred to Armenia, some Armenians suggested the territory

could be run by the Russian POL Federation, the largest of the 15 Soviet republics.

The decree also empowered Volsky's committee to dissolve public and independent organisations violating Soviet laws or the constitution.

This provision appeared aimed at the Karabakh Committee, which has spearheaded the Armenian demands for the transfer of Nagorno-Karabakh.

The strife in the Transcaucasus spilled over into most aspects of Soviet life in the past year and Gorbachev has warned it could adversely affect forthcoming multi-candidate elections - a key

element in his reforms. The Soviet leadership has repe-



atedly alleged that much of the violence was fomented by corrupt elements whose positions were threatened by perestroika.

IRAN

## Rwanda garners.

UNITED NATIONS (AP) -Rwanda's U.N. mission has five tickets per vehicle than any mis-110 vehicles, was not among the

### 'Friday the 13th'

LONDON (AP) - A "Friday the 13th" computer virus struck personal computers in Britain Friday, wiping out programme files and annoying businesses, a computer expert said. The 13th day of a month that falls on a Friday is considered unlucky or a bad omen among some communities in some countries. Hundreds of personal computer users found

HELSINKI (R) - Church authorities in Finland, seeking to brighten up graveyards, are offering cash prizes for new designs for tombstones. The Evangelical Lutheran Church said many mass-produced tombstones all took the same. The church is teaming up with an industrial design group to launch a competition to find the best new designs using ceramic, stone, wood or

# Six million-knot

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) carpet with six million handwoven knots, believed to be a record number in each centimetre. has been completed in the Iranian city of Tabriz, the Islamic republic news agency reported Saturday. The carpet, measuring one metre by 1.5 metres was made with 800 colours and took two years to complete, said IRNA monitored in Nicosia. The carpet will go on display at the 10th anniversary of the Islamic revolution next month. The carpet was woven by Tabriz's three Nezami-Doust brothers, who based their design on a miniature painting of the fifth day of creation - the day God created birds, fish and sea monsters, according to the

# Flying mattress

CRYSTAL LAKE, Illinois (AP) A flying mattress carried a 79-year-old man to safety as his

# Train collision kills 106 in Bangladesh

DHAKA, Bangladesh (AP) — An express passenger train car-rying worshippers to a religious festival collided with a mail train in central Bangladesh Sunday, killing at least 106 peo-ple and injuring 1,000 others, officials said.

One senior railway official said the accident, the worst ever in Bangladesh, may have occurred because operators did not know how to work a signal system installed last week. The express train, bound for

the southern port city of Chittagong, and the Dhaka-bound mail train rammed each other near the industrial town of Tongi, about 45 kilometres north of the capital, authorities said. Police and railway officials estimate about 2,000 people

but were uncertain how many were aboard each train because people in south Asia frequently ride on top of or stand between The cause of the accident was

not immediately known, and the government ordered an investigation. But one senior railway offi-

cial said he suspected operators at the Dhaka and Tongi stations were unfamiliar with the sig-nalling system installed Jan. 10. "Human failure and wrong signalling may have caused the

two trains to come on the same

track, leading to the collision," said the official, speaking on condition of anonymity. About 250 army soldiers holding winter military exer-

cises nearby were dispatched to help rescue those trapped inside the wreckage and to help take the injured to hospitals in

"I saw coaches flying up to 15 feet as the collision occurred," said one soldier, who did not want to be identified.

"It was a terrible scene with hundreds of passengers — men, women and children — shouting for help."

Soldiers and rescue workers had recovered 100 bodies, according to a senior railway official, speaking on condition of anonymity. But Communications Secretary Manzuraql Karim told reporters at the scene that only 73 bodies had been found.

In addition, a doctor at the disabled hospital in Dhaka said six people had died there from among 45 injured brought in for treatment after the acci-

The two diesel locomotives were knocked off the tracks and two coach cars from each train derailed, witnesses said. Several bodies were thrown into nearby rice paddies, they said.

"Hundreds of bodies were lined up on both sides of the two shattered trains," said Syed Sirajul Huq, a businessman from Chittagong who suffered minor injuries in the crash.

"The cries of the injured for help and people look desperately for their dear ones accompanying them made me cry. It

was so pathetic," he said. According to police and rail-way officials, the two trains collided near the Pubail railway station at about 7:30 a.m. (0230 GMT). The passenger train was travelling at about 80 kilometres an hour, while the mail train was coming to a halt, they said.

"There was a big bang," Huq said. "My compartment leaned heavily on the left when suddenly a divine hand stopped

President Hussain Mohammad Ershad, Communications Minister Anwar Hussain and other top railway and govern-ment officials went to the accident scene to supervise the rescue operation.

### Violence — biggest challenge to Aquino MANILA (AP) - Filipinos sat three-day takeover of the region-

fixated before their television sets last weekend as soldiers stormed a military camp with automatic weapons and rockets - not fighting communist rebels, but renegade police.

Lter, the hottest topic of newspaper and broadcast commentators was a report that hundreds of Uzi machine guns and Galil rifles were being imported into a country already awash with weapons. The importer wasn't some underground arms merchant, but the Philippines' House of Representatives.

modern, progressive nation from a country caught in the corrupt, violent ways of the past. The United States, which

maintains six military bases here and is committed to helping build democracy, has a substantial stake in her success. Last week, U.S. President Ronald Reagan proposed doubl-

ing aid to the Philippines to \$649.4 million at a time when assistance to other nations is being held in check or reduced. But persistent problems in the

165,000-member armed forces were highlighted by the recent

al headquarters of the Philippine constabulary in Zamboanga City, 900 kilometres south of Manila.

On Jan. 5, about 15 Muslim police and their supporters, angry over plans to charge them in a 1984 killing, seized the garrison, killing the commander and his chief of staff. The renegades then held out

against a furious military assault by nearly 1,000 troops. By the time the garrison was

secured Jan. 7, 21 people were dead, all of them renegades, except for the two military officers The two episodes underscore slain during the initial takeover. Aquino faces trying to build a negades, Rizal Alih, escaped somehow during the assault, which

> It was the second major garrison destroyed in 18 months during military operations against dissident soldiers or police.

destroyed the regional headquar-

The general staff headquarters in Manila was gutted during the August 1987 coup attempt by renegade Lieutenant Colonel Gregorio Honasan. No major headquarters has been destroyed in clashes with communist or rebels since Aquino took office in 1986. Most Manila television stations, which rarely report events



Corazon Aquino

outside the capital, dispatched crews to Zamboanga City. Dramatic film footage of sol-

diers battling police shocked residents of the capital, many of whom are largely insulated from violence in the countryside.

"The inconclusive result is now viewed by a shocked nation as using a sledge hammer to swat a fly." wrote columnist Jesus wrote columnist Jesus Bigornia in the Manila Bulletin newspaper.

### **Belgium-Zaire** row worsens BRUSSELS (R) - Relations "Up till now the government have worsened between Zaire has maintained an exemplary siand Belgium which condemned lence not wanting to do anything its former colony for renouncing too harsh, but after the Zairean friendship and cooperation declaration we had to make the Belgian Prime Minister Wil-

# treaties between them. fried Martens said after a cabinet

crisis meeting Saturday that Zaire's decision to cancel the accords and halt payments on its \$1.2 billion debt was totally un-He said his government would

not fund any new development projects in Zaire and would take legal action for its violation of a Zaire had told the Belgian state-owned airline Sabena to

halve its four weekly flights from Brussels to Kinshasa. The government deplores the unilateral character of the

changes made by Zaire to its ties with Belgium," Martens told a news conference. The response was Belgium's toughest yet in the two-month-old row. Brussels had previously

tried to use diplomatic means to settle the dispute, sparked by Belgian press criticism of Zairean President Mobutu Sese Seko's alleged corruption and lavish

Belgian position known," Foreign Minister Leo Tindemans said. The row worsened despite Mobutu's acceptance last week of

Belgian proposals for a joint high-level conference in April in Kinshasa to set guidelines for future relations.

Martens said Belgium was still prepared to attend the conference but would only do so in a "favourable climate" where both

les had something to offer.

Belgium would not discuss Zaire's claims that it had behaved in a neo-colonialist fashion and reneged on cooperation treaties since granting Zaire independence in 1960, he said.

But later Saturday the official Zairean news agency AZAP said if Belgium was not prepared to discuss the claims there was no point in meeting.

The dispute began after suggestions in the Belgian press that Mobutu had pocketed some of the five billion francs (\$130 million) in Belgian aid given annually to the central African country.

# Public mistrust plagues today's scientists

SAN FRANCISCO (R) — Scientists are living in a period of extraordinary accomplishment but face growing public mistrust of their work, a major scientific organisation was told Saturday. The good news is that by any

intellectual measure our science has never been more vigorous, nor has it ever offered more hope for future advances," Stanford University President Donald Kennedy said in a keynote address to the annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science

Kennedy, a biologist who headed the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) under President Jimmy Carter, said in remarks prepared for the six-day meeting that scientists were in a position "unparalleled in our history" to make discoveries that will improve the human condi-

He listed recent advances in numerous fields, ranging from genetic engineering to supercon-

truly extraordinary record of contemporary success, science in contemporary America finds itself in the midst of a paradox — a situation in which its work, however empathetic with public need, finds itself inhibited by public mistrust.

Kennedy said institutions doing basic research encounter repeated blockades to adequate funding. He criticised a provision of the 1986 tax reform that reduced the incentive for individuals to But, Kennedy said: "... despite make capital gifts to scientific

cess of private research universities to the tax-exempt bond Suggesting solutions to the

problem, Kennedy said scientists need to deal in a more straightforward manner with misconceptions about the nature of science and its foes.

"We all recognise, and occasionally do battle with, the creationists, the right-to-life advocates who would ban all forms of research with foetal tissues, the animal liberation

crowd," he said. "But we don't give it much of our time unless we are especially threatened."

Kennedy warned his scientific colleagues against promising more results than they could realistically deliver to their benefactors.

Some 10.000 scientists, including a delegation of top Soviet scientists, were gathering here for the 155th annual meeting of the AAAS, which has 130,000 members in nearly 300 affiliated societies and academies.

# Bye, bye Nancy, hello Barbara

By Jill Lawrence The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - The inauguration of George Bush brings much more than a change in government. It's the launch of a whole new look — a look that is prompting sighs of relief among graying women and men's clothing retailers who never met a

brown suit they liked. Barbara Bush is keeping her inaugural outfits a secret, at least

until the last minute. But a few things are certain. Her favourite colour is blue -- so farewell to scarlet, the colour so identified with Nancy Reagan that reporters were it to press conferences in an effort to attract

her husband's attention. Farewell, too, to designer Adolfo, another favourite of Mrs. Reagan. Mrs. Bush prefers Bill Blass and Arnold Scassi, Diane Dickinson and Adele Simpson. She's having several designers put together her inaugural wardrobe.

"There's no doubt in my mind that she'll look spectacular from head to toe, but it will be a different style (from Nancy Reagan)," said Mrs. Bush's spokeswoman, Sondra Haley. 'She'll have her own style."

When he takes his oath of office Jan. 20, President-elect Bush will be wearing a business suit - possibly one in dark oxford gray he purchased within the last two weeks from Arthur A. Adler, a men's store a few blocks from the White House.

Vice President-elect Dan Quayle also bought a couple of suits from Adler last week - one navy blue, the other a navy stripe. "If I were to guess, I would say the solid navy for the swearing-in, said store manager David Sheftell. "No browns, no tans. These gentlemen know what colours do the most for them, and that's why they're

sticking with the blues and grays," Sheftell added. Ronald Reagan's penchant for brown didn't do much for Shef-

tell said diplomatically, in a recent interview. "Bush is a traditional dresser, which stems back from his time at Yale (uni-

Bush and Reagan wore traditional tails to the swearing-in in 1981, but they shifted to business suits in 1985. Bush "is more comfortable in a business suit," said spokeswoman Alixe Glen. "Also, all of the members of Congress are going to be dressedin suits as well. He didn't want to

Washington's boutiques and department stores are in an inaugural merchandising frenzy, their bunting-draped windows filled with crisp tuxedos, bright fullskirted gowns and sparkling

"People are buying long dres-

tell, who linked it to fashion skirts, bright colours as well as preferences in Reagan's home black. "It's been pretty hectic," gowns; she brought 250 to rent said Renee Rizik, part owner of Rizik's, a downtown specialty store in the heart of the highpriced shopping district.

price at the Elizabeth Arden

Salon across the street from Rizik's. Black sequins, emerald taffeta, red velvet, white satin. Full skirts, tight bodices, spaghetti straps, no straps. Some of them "The sales are in timing with the balls, which makes it easier

"They're buying bright colours because it's a happy time - reds

and blues." One Night Stand For those who don't have \$1,500 to blow on a ball gown, Joanna Doniger has opened a temporary branch of her New

York establishment, One Night

Stand, at a suburban Holiday

more than they were 10 years ago, but who wants to go out and spend a couple of thousand dollars for a dress?" Doniger asked airily between appointments. "We probably see about 20 people a day. We can always fit people in as long as we know they are coming."

One Night Stand may be a

godsend for high society types, but the more traditional couture customers are frequenting their usual haunt -- places like Neiman-Marcus. A week before the balls, the uptown branch of the fancy department store had sold 100 gowns and was anticipating an additional five or 10 sales to

last-minute shoppers. "We're selling a very full ball type of gown," said public rela-tions manager Juana Stockwell.



Barbara Bush

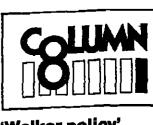
"A lot of people thought it (the Bush inauguration) would be more understated, but we haven't really seen a change.'

Playing on the U.S. flag theme, Neiman-Marcus has developed a \$1,200 pair of shoes called "the Stars and Stripes Shoe," a white really would, because of the satin silk pump covered with pave eagle, and although it's all prerhinestones in red, white and blue, configured in stars and stripes. Stockwell said only one type of jewelry and it's really pair had been sold, by a branch in elegant."



Nancy Reagan

Texas. Another inaugural special, also going begging, was a 47,000 eagle brooch in honour of the American eagle, encrusted with gems. "This would be perfect for Barbara Bush," said Stockwell. "It cious jewels, it's an understated piece. She likes the understated



# 'Walker policy'

backs marriage HOUSTON (AP) - A judge agreed to lower the bond of a man accused of robbery on condition that he marry his commonlaw wife and attend church. State district Judge Carl Walker dropped Zachery Ellis' bond from \$20,000 to \$10,000 and told him he must marry Shawnita Jackson. 18, if his family can raise the money. Walker has taken the action in other cases involving unmarried people who have children. Ellis is the father of two of Jackson's children, ages two and seven months, the judge said. "It's a Walker policy," the judge said later. "If you can father the child, you ought to legitimise the

## most tickets

cars that collect more parking sion in New York, the city park-ing violations bureau said Friday. Sudan, Bahrain, the Ivory Coast and Seychelles rounded out the list of the top five parking scof-flaws, according to burean fi-gures. The Soviet Union, with top 20 offenders. The U.S. mission does not issue diplomatic plates to its employees, and did not appear on the list. Consular and U.N. diplomats enjoy diplomatic immunity, and cannot be compelled to pay parking tickets. However, the parking violations bureau keeps track of the number of vehicles with diplomatic plates assigned to a country and how many tickets the nation receives each month.

# virus strikes

the virus was programmed to de-lete files Friday the 13th, said Alan Solomon, managing director of S and S Enterprises, a data recovery centre in Chesham.

### Church offers prizes for brighter graves

# carpet finished

# whisks man to safety

suburban home was levelled by a natural gas explosion, authorities and the man said. The incident occurred Thursday morning as lames Steurer sat on his bed putting on shoes in the Chicago suburb of Crystal Lake. Moments later, Steurer recalled afterward. he was still sitting on his mattress outside on the driveway, blown out a side wall of his home by the force of the gas explosion. I landed outside, pickedeup my mattress and it was on fire so I tried to put it out," he said.
"What could you think at that point?" "Absolutely I'm lucky," said Steurer as firefighters searched through the remains of his \$50,000 wood-frame home for clues to the cause of the strange occurrence.

"Mr. Reagan never got away from the California look," Shef-

feel overdressed."

rhinestone evening bags. ses, very elaborate, a lot of full Gowns were on sale for half-

\$1,500 — after reduction. on everybody," said saleswoman Peggy O'Connor, in an interview. gowns; she brought 250 to rent for one night only at prices ranging from \$175 to \$350. Necklaces go for \$20, earnings for \$10. "People are dressing up much